The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY JUNE 27, 1907. NO. 25.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS
AT THE
Farmers National Bank.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

OUR POLICY
Absolute Safety, with Satisfactory Service.

Hazardous or Speculative Business, Earnestly Discouraged.

On This Basis We Invite Business.

The Bloomsburg National Bank

Wm. H. Hidlay, Cashier. A. Z. Schoch, President.

BEN GIDDING.

KEEP COOL
In Comfortable
Wearing Apparel.

We Have Everything
FOR
"MAN'S" COMFORT

3 FOR 1
Trading Stamps---Friday and Saturday.

BEN GIDDING
Clothier, Hatter and Haberdasher.
Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg.

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

COMMENCEMENT WEEK.

Delightful Exercises Close the Year's Work.

The exercises of commencement week have been most interesting and entertaining. On Friday night a delightful concert was given by the orchestra under the direction of Miss Starr. On Saturday night the Middlers presented a drama entitled "King Rene's Daughter," which was much enjoyed by the large audience. On Sunday the baccalaureate sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. E. E. Bell of Washington. On Monday night came the Junior contest in recitation.

The judges, Supt. W. A. Wilson, of Milton; County Superintendent of Lackawanna county, J. C. Taylor, of Scranton, and County Superintendent W. W. Evans, of Columbia county, had considerable difficulty in awarding the prizes, but their first choice finally fell to Miss Ida Reber; second prize to Bird Breisch, and third prize to Stewart E. Acor.

The Class Day exercises on Tuesday evening called together an audience that filled the hall. The program was as follows:

President's Address,
Mr. Harry DeWire
Out on the Deep, Frederick Lohr
Senior Boys' Chorus.
Class History, Miss Alma G. Noble
Mr. L. N. Llewellyn.
Essay, ...Miss Miriam I. Smith
Mendelssohn, Capriccio Brilliant; op. 22.
Miss Josephine Cousart
and Miss Bertha Bacon
Class Prophecy, Miss Olga L. Buck
Class Song .....Class
Class Oration.....Mr. Derl Hess
Class Memorial,
Miss Margaret G. Dailey
Orchestra.
Class Presentation,
Miss Cora Cramer
and Mr. Nicholas Dino
Up, Quit Thy Bower,
P. A. Schnecker.
Senior Girls Chorus.

COMMENCEMENT.

The commencement exercises took place on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. The following was the program:

Grand March, B. S. N. S. Orchestra
Prayer.....Rev. E. B. Bailey
Overture, "Maritana"... Wallace
B. S. N. S. Orchestra.
Commencement Address, Pres. Isaac Sharpless, Haverford College
Song, "I Cannot Forget You," Gordon Temple, Rosa Vollrath.
Violin Obligato, Gines Escaniverino
Presentation of Certificates to Graduates of the Normal Course.
Presentation of Diplomas to Graduates in Academic Department.
1. To Classical and Scientific Graduates.
2. To Graduates in Music.
3. To Graduates in Commercial Department.
Presentation of Permanent Diplomas to Graduates who Have Taught Two Full Annual Terms.

ALUMNI MEETING.

The Alumni meeting was held at one o'clock. In the absence of Dr. Welsh, president, the meeting was called to order by Geo. E. Elwell, vice-president, with S. J. Johnson as secretary. Minutes of last year were read and approved, and the following officers were elected: President, Geo. E. Elwell; vice president, Dr. D. J. Waller; corresponding secretary, Prof. G. E. Wilbur; recording secretary, S. J. Johnson; treasurer, H. G. Supplee; executive committee, O. E. Bakeless, C. H. Albert, Miss Eva Rupert, Mrs. L. P. Sterner, and Mrs. J. G. Harman. After the transaction of some other business the meeting adjourned.

Continued on page 5.

ANOTHER BARN BURNED.

During the storm last Saturday evening the barn of William Cadman in Greenwood township, was struck by lightning and burned to the ground.

Mr. Cadman was at work in the field. The sky was overcast with clouds more or less portentous, but a shower such as might do damage, did not seem imminent. There was a flash of lightning accompanied simultaneously with thunder, but Mr. Cadman did not attach much importance to it until some time later, when, looking up, he discovered that the barn was on fire.

He hastened to the burning building, where he succeeded in rescuing his three horses, although they had actually been in the fire and had been badly scorched. The farming implements were burned along with the barn.

It was rather late when several neighbors arrived, but a bucket brigade was formed and by dint of persevering labor the dwelling and wagon shed were saved, but not until both of the buildings had been on fire.

The loss sustained is $3000, partially covered by insurance.

CREVELING REUNION.

The fourth annual reunion of the Creveling family was held at Stillwater last Thursday, and was largely attended.

The following program was rendered, L. M. Creveling acting as chairman: Address of welcome, John C. Creveling, of Espy; solo, Miss Mary Hidlay, of Espy; recitation, Miss Delilah Creveling, of Espy; Arthur Hendershott, of Bloomsburg; and addresses by D. L. Creveling, Esq., of Wilkes-Barre; John C. Wenner, of Benton; Elias Bender, of Stillwater, and others. A carefully prepared paper was read by Mrs. C. F. Bowman, of New Columbus.

Officers were chosen as follows: President, Lewis M. Creveling, of Stillwater; vice president, John C. Creveling, of Espy; secretary, John Q. Creveling, Esq., of Plymouth; treasurer, C. F. Bonham, Esq., of New Columbus; historian, Rev. Seth A. Creveling, of Montoursville.

The next reunion will be held at Columbia Park.

KELLY SENTENCED.

A new trial was refused B. F. Kelly on Saturday and he was sentenced by Judge Evans to nine months in the county jail, and to pay a fine of $100 and the costs of prosecution. The case may be taken to the Supreme court.

STATE CONVENTION.

The Democratic State Convention was held in Harrisburg yesterday. Among those who attended from here were Hon. John G. Harman, J. H. Mercer, county chairman, District Attorney Small, J. W. Hidlay, Thornton Freeze and Ralph Smith.

THE FROG SEASON.

So vague is the new law governing the frogging season considered that Aldermen in York have given different decisions regarding it. In response to a request State Fish Commissioner W. E. Meehan has decided that the open season extends from July 1 to November 1.

TEACHERS ELECTED.

The Bloom School Board on last Friday evening elected the teachers. Prof. L. P. Sterner, supervising principal, and Prof. W. C. Mauser each have a year to serve under a three years' contract. The other teachers are as follows:

HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING.

C. O. Frank, reacher of Latin and Greek, salary $80 per month.
T. F. Shambach, Sciences, salary $65 per month.
Miss Anna Belle Swartz, teacher of English, salary $70 per month.
Miss Stella Reddick, teacher of Business Branches, salary $60 per month.
Miss Ida Rinker, A Grammar, Boys, salary $55 per month.
Miss Mary Knapp, teacher of Arithmetic, etc., salary $50 per month.
O. H. Yetter, instructor in Music and Drawing, $1000 per year.
Miss Elmira Wilson, Girls, A Grammar, salary $55 per month.
Miss Ella Allen, B Grammar Grade; salary $50 per month.
Janitor, John W. Gray, salary $40 per month.

THIRD STREET BUILDING.

S. J. Johnston, principal, salary $73 per month.
Miss Catherine Gorrey A Intermediate, salary $50 per month.
Miss Mae Rhodomoyer, A Intermediate, salary $50 per month.
Miss Minnie Penman, B Intermediate, salary $50 per month.
Miss Helen Vanderslice, B Intermediate, salary $50 per month.
Miss Mary Kline, A Primary, salary $50 per month.
Miss Helen Reice, A Primary, salary $50 per month.
Miss Mabel Moyer, B Primary, salary $50 per month.
Miss Mary Adams, B Primary, salary $50 per month.
Miss Clora Furman, C Primary, salary $50 per month.
Miss Gertrude Rinker, C Primary, salary $50 per month.
Janitor, John Farver, salary $40 per month.
Substitute teacher, Dora Kesty.

FIFTH STREET BUILDING.

Frank A. Frear, principal, salary $70 per month.
Miss Emma Cadman, A Intermediate, salary $50 per month.
Miss Catherine Cadow, B Intermediate, salary $50 per month.
Miss Mary Sheep, A Primary, salary $50 per month.
Miss Louise Robbins, B Primary, salary $50 per month.
Miss Anna Fox, B Primary, salary $50 per month.
Miss Annie Snyder, C Primary, salary $50 per month.
Miss Laura Redeker, C Primary, salary $50 per month.
Janitor and Truant Officer, C. F. Dietterick, salary $45 per month.

In all instances where the teachers were not already receiving that salary the teachers' salaries were advanced to $50 per month as required by the new law, the Bloomsburg School Board employing only those teachers who are Normal graduates and have had two years' experience.

President Ikeler appointed the following committees:

Text Books and Course of Study —Brown, Mercer, Ikeler.
Compulsory Education — Hartman, Mercer, Carpenter.
Finance — Rinker, Carpenter, Brown.
Buildings and Grounds—Ikeler, Brown, Rinker.
Grievances—Carpenter, Rinker, Ikeler.

The treasurer presented his bond in the sum of $10,000 which was approved.

The school term was fixed at nine months to begin Monday, August 26th.

Following the meeting the annual dinner of the Board was held at the Central, landlord Kline serving a most excellent dinner. At the table were the present and retiring members of the Board.

DEEDS RECORDED.

The following deeds have recently been entered of record by Recorder Miller:

Bridget McDonald to Locust Mountain Coal and Iron Co. for surface right to piece of ground in Centralia.

Duval Dickson and wife to Amanda E. Miller for lot in Briar Creek township.

International B. and L. Association, Washington, D. C., to Wm. Hutton for lot of ground in Bloomsburg.

A. C. Sickles to Berwick Brewing Co. for lot of land on Oak street, Berwick.

Enoch Patulis to Wm. Snyder for lot in Berwick.

John Casper and wife to Wm. Snyder for lot in Berwick.

Locust Mountain Coal and Iron Co. to Wm. Fenstermacher for lot in Centralia.

David D. Dyke and wife to Joseph Marsh and Salena A. Marsh for lot in Centralia.

A. E. Pettit et al. to Freas Fowler for lot of ground in West Berwick.

Lincoln Boody and wife to Emma C. Strauser for lot of ground in Montour township.

Emma C. Sauters and husband to Mary A. Freas for tract of land in Montour township.

Edward B. Clark to Wm. H. Clark and Arthur A. Clark, quit claim to a house and lot in Bloomsburg.

Hurley E. Nagle and Minnie Nagle to Francis W. Hess for house and lot in Espy.

Hurley E. M. Nagle and wife to Frances W. Hess for a tract of land in Espy.

John Drum Estate to Alice Drum for a tract of land in Mifflin township.

B. W. Jury and wife to Ida M. Alleman for a lot of ground in the town of Bloomsburg, consideration $700.

Hanna E Rhodomoyer and husband to Anna Margaret Bowers for lot of ground on Railroad street in the town of Bloomsburg, consideration $950.

Ellis Eves and wife to Antoinetta T. Teller for lot of ground situate on Iron street, Bloomsburg.

Ella A. Thomas to Joseph Kuric and Anna Kuric for 60 acres and 90 perches of land in Cleveland township.

Patrick Gillaspie and wife to Mrs. Bessie Davis for lot of ground in Centralia.

CLASS REUNIONS.

Tuesday was reunion day at the Normal. The classes of 1882, '87, '97, '02 and '05 got together in goodly numbers, and in separate rooms partook a most excellent dinner. Eleven members of '82 were back, and a delightful feature of the occasion was a visit to the cottage of Dr. Bierman at Arbutus Park, where a delicious supper was served.

Eleven members of '87 were present, and forty-five of '02, and fifty-five of '05 were present at their reunions. At all of them interesting programs were carried out. Addresses were made at all of these meetings by members of the faculty.

CHEAP BOOKS!

To close out an estate a private library is for sale. It includes

HISTORIES, THE POETS,
NOVELS, BIOGRAPHIES,
BOUND MAGAZINES,
RELIGIOUS WORKS,
and many miscellaneous books.

There are about 300 volumes, and have been divided into lots at

5c., 10c., 20c., 25c., 50c. and $1 per book.

Set of 3 Books that Cost $3.75 now $1

Set of 5 Books that Cost $20 now $5

Very Cheap, and a Rare Chance to get

Good Books at a Nominal Price!

GEO. E. ELWELL,
Agent.

COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

BLONDE HANDICAPED

DOES NOT SUCCEED IN BUSINESS AS WELL AS BRUNETTE.

The Most Dependable the Woman With Gray Eyes and Dark Hair—Points Considered by the Employer in Engaging Employees.

Just why light hair and flightiness of character should be associated is not clear but that there is a relation between the two is the belief of business men and business women of long experience.

In proof of their theory they say that the great majority of the women occupying places of responsibility in stores, factories, offices and schools have dark hair. The exceptions, or most of them, it was asserted by a manager of a large establishment are of German or Swede descent and have hair of a dull straw color, not the tint associated with the genuine blonde. The manager added that even a German woman who has arrived at the top in business is apt to have dark hair.

Place the blond German in a department store and she will advance to a certain point and stop, it is asserted. Seldom or never will she take the command of a department or assume high responsibilities. She may not be frivolous, but she almost always lacks initiative.

On the whole, however, she wears better than the employee of American, Irish, English or French birth or decent with light hair; but that, it seems, is not saying a great deal in her favor.

"When engaging help references and experience are the two main considerations," said the manager. "Next I take in the applicant's general makeup.

"If she has holes in her gloves or other indications of lack of neatness I am apt to pigeonhole her application on the chance of some one else turning up for the job. I don't care what color hair she has.

Another applicant is dark haired not a trifle untidy and shabby and not so well set up as the blond girl. But my twenty-one years of experience tells me to give to her, not to the blond the place, provided her references are equally good. This describes the class of employee who gets from $6 to $10 a week.

"Twenty-five years ago, when the department store business was young, employers laid far more stress on good looks than they do now. I don't know but what at that time golden hair might have got a young woman a job at any time. I do know that it won't get her a job now—in this store, anyway. The reason is I fight shy of golden haired employees.

"No, it's not because they want to run and look in a mirror oftener than dark haired women do, or that they are more on the lookout for admiration or more vain than others, but only that they are less valuable in a business way, less ambitious, less original, less capable, not such hard workers.

"The most dependable of the highest paid women in this store, with one exception, have brown, dark brown and black hair, gray, brown and black eyes. The cleverest one of all, to my way of thinking, has brownish hair and rather small gray eyes. And, by the way, gray eyed women, I find are smarter in business than brown eyed women as a general thing.

As regards intelligence and perspicacity the light haired girl is not without a champion. A man who employs quite a large force of stenographers was of the opinion that young women with blond hair were in these respects fully the equals of the darker haired type. Said this man:

"I venture to say there is no shade of hair that ever grew on a human head but has been seen in this office during the last seven years, and I can't say that I am prepared to give the palm to the brunette shades more than to the blonds. In fact, come to think of it, the fastest dictation a private stenographer has ever allowed me was given to a girl with bright yellow hair. She was a rattler at the type writer, too.

"Keep her? Well, no. The trouble with her was she took too many days off. Just when I was at the busiest along would come a note that Miss Smith was not well or that her mother was ill or that a relative had died. Perhaps it was all true, but I decided my work needed some one less unfortunate and who I could be reasonably sure would turn up every morning.

"And I succeeded. The one who replaced her is steady as a clock; never asks for or takes an hour off.

"Her hair? Well, come to think of it, it's quite dark."—New York Sun.

Bleaching Panama Hats.

Sun-spoiled Panama hats which have done duty in preceding years can be given a fresh lease of life at very little expense. A little American cornmeal should be procured and made into a paste with the juice of a lemon. This should be applied all over the surface of the hat with a very stiff brush, and then rubbed off, when a second application should be made and the paste left to dry on. If finally the hat is covered with peroxide of hydrogen and bleached in the open air the renovation should be complete.

WORKING GIRLS IN A CITY.

The Type Who Will be Successful And the One to Stay At Home.

There are several sorts of girls who should not attempt to come to a large city to earn their living.

One is the sweetly dependent girl—the girl for whom the folks at home particularly an adoring circle of men have always fetched and carried.

The girl who is sentimental or supersensitive has a difficult fight to make when she comes into the city. Those who have positions to offer want the best possible service for the money they are paying. They do not ask why you are earning your living, nor will they express the idea that it is noble of you to support your mother.

They may find that out in time and respect you the more for it, but the great question in their mind is "Can she do the work?" "Will she keep our interests uppermost in her mind

There are hundreds of harassed, nerveworn employers in every large city who are willing to pay salaries to girls who know how to spell and punctuate, and are willing to take an interest in the business. But they haven't a single moment for the sentimental, supersensitive girl.

The girl who gives as little work as posible for the money she receives had better not attempt to live in a large city or she who feels that a salary of six or eight dollars entitles her to do half-hearted work.

The girl who has not plenty of good clothes and a little sum of money saved to tide her over the period of waiting a position had better give up the idea of coming to a large city until she has acquired both.

But the girl who has a trade at her finger tips, who has come to realize that in her home town she can rise no higher if she is an expert stenographer or book-keeper and can keep the affairs of her employer locked in her breast, who has neat clothes and some money, if she has faith in herself as a worker, she will make a much better living and have better opportunities in the large city than would be possible in the small town. Philadelphia Press.

Girls Jumper Dress

The jumper dress is quite as pronounced a favorite for the younger

girls as is the jumper blouse for their elders and here is an exceedingly charming little frock that exemplifies the style peculiarly well. In this case it is made of plaid French gingham and is trimmed with a simple binding, but any of the heavier weight materials can be used, it is worn over a white guimpe. The model, however, is one of those useful ones that can be converted from a simple morning frock to one adapted to afternoon wear as one material or another in chosen, the design lending itself to almost all occasions.

The dress consists of the waist and the skirt. The waist is gathered at the lower edge and joined to a belt while it is held in place by means of straps and is laid in backward turning plaits.

The Child Who Contradicts.

A natural habit of every child is to contradict, and this should be overcome as soon as a boy or a girl developes it, for of all disagreeable and overbearing persons those who aggressively contradict are among the worst. Parents cannot be too particular in teaching their sons and daughters to disagree courteously, which is not at all incompatible with doing it postively. "I beg your pardon, but you are mistaken." is quite as much of a contradiction as saying "It isn't," and it is far better manners. "I think you are mistaken" is another way of expressing the opinion. A mother need not be afraid of making her child a prig by teaching him such little things. They are as important to him as a knowledge of how to speak grammatically.

WONDERS OF HUMAN HAND.

Serves Many Purposes Unsuspected By Its Owner.

Aristotle termed the human hand the instrument of instruments, which enables man to make all others, to manage and apply them to divers uses, and to produce the most powerful and most delicate efforts.

The markings on the backs of the fingers are of four classes: arches, loops, whorls, and the composite. These lines make a pattern which never changes from infancy to old age, and which is different in the case of every individual. The chances against two persons' finger-prints being alike are one in sixty-four billions. This means that if the population of the earth were forty times as great as it is to-day, you might look in vain for two people whose finger marks were identical.

The finger-nail of a person in good health grows at the rate of about one-sixteenth of an inch each week slightly more than many authorities believe—but during illness or after an accident or during times of mental depression this growth is not only affected and retarded so far as its length is concerned, but also as regards its thickness. The very lightest illness will thus leave an indelible mark on the nails, which may be readily detected as the nail grows out. If one has a sudden attack, such as acute rheumatism, which sends the temperature bounding upward to 104 or 105 within the space of two or three hours, it will be found on the nails, indicating the difference in thickness of growth between the time when health was enjoyed and the thin growth of the ill period.

The palms of the hands and the soles of the feet are composed of cushions of fat, in order that sudden jolts and violent blows may be successfully resisted and no injury done to the muscles and bones underneath.

The thumb is an unerring index to the mind. If a person is trying to deceive you he will invariably draw his thumb in toward the palm. On the other hand, if he is telling the truth the thumb will relax and point away from the palm.

The blind, as we all know, have the sense of touch most singularly sensitive. A writer in a medical contemporary now cites the case of a post-mortem examination of a blind man which revealed the fact that in the nerves at the end of the fingers well-defined cells of gray matter had formed identical in substance and in cell formation with the gray matter of the brain.

The radical difference between the hand of man and of the monkey lies in the thumb. In the human hand the thumb has the "opposing power," which means that the thumb can be made to touch the tip of each or any of the other fingers on the same hand; the monkey's thumb is non-opposable.

The white lines which cross the finger-nails, particularly the thumb-nails, are signs of disturbances in organism at the time they were formed. A German scientist's observation is that forty-six per cent. of the criminals have these lines, forty-three per cent. of idiots, and fifty per cent. of lunatics.

The growth of nails is more rapid in children than in adults, and slowest in the aged. It goes on more rapidly in summer than in winter, so that the same nail that is renewed in one hundred and thirty-two days in winter requires only one hundred and sixteen in summer. The increase of the nails on the right hand is more rapid than on the left; it also differs for the different fingers, and in order corresponding with the length of the finger. It is more rapid for the middle finger, nearly equal for the two either side of this, slower for the little finger, and slowest for the thumb.

About ninety-four per cent. of otherwise normal people use the right hand in preference to the left; six per cent. are left-handed, and it is a curious fact that one-third of the six per cent. are ambidextrous.

The fact that there is what is known as the "thumb center" in the brain, recognized by all surgeons, demonstrates the immense importance attached to the thumb by medical science. If there is a tendency toward paralysis, the physician notes it in the thumbs long before the malady shows itself in other directions. An operation to avert the calamity, if possible, is frequently performed on the "thumb center" of the brain, and thumb itself is watched for results favorable or otherwise. It is a matter of record that the thumbs of idiots and those mentally weak are undersized, characterless, and usually cling closely to the side of the hand.

Spanish Sheep.

There are said to be 10,000,000 migratory sheep in Spain which travel on occasions as much as 200 miles from the plains to the mountains. They are known as transhumanates, and their march, resting places and behavior are governed by special regulations dating from the fourteenth century. At certain times no one may travel the same route as the sheep, which have the right to graze on all open and common land on the way.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

LATEST AID TO SWIMMING.

A Means by Which the Timid Woman May Learn to Swim.

Because a person cannot swim is no excuse now for not venturing into deep water—if he uses the electric-propelling machine shown in the illustration. This machine does the work for him and can be used as a life-saving apparatus or an automatic swimming machine.

The main body or case of the apparatus consists of a light aluminum box about twenty inches high, which

SWIMMING MADE EASY.

is adapted to be carried on the back of the swimmer. In ths box is a motor, which is used to drive the propeller, situated in the rear of the box. On each side of the latter are bags for keeping the appartus and the swimmer afloat. The apparatus is made as light as possible, and every precaution taken to insure the perfect working of the motor under water. Of course the swimmer, after the motor has started, can very readily steer any course he desires by means of the hands and arms. Attachments are also provided for regulating the speed through the water. A good distance can be covered, even by a novice, being regulated by the size of the fuel tank.

GUIDES TO HEALTH.

When tired, drink hot water as a tonic. When hot and thirsty, drink it is a cooler for it never dissappoints.

Headache almost instantly yields to the simultaneous application of hot water to the feet and back of the neck.

Wrinkles in the neck are among the first signs that go to prove that a woman is no longer in her first youth, and when they do come they should never be neglected, but should be carefully massaged.

A good fattening emolient is, one ounce of cocoa butter, two ounces of lanolin, rub in well, forcing the pores to absorbe all they will. Bathe in the morning with cold salt water.

Japan's Empress A Teacher.

It was Haru-Ko who first suggested to the emperor what is unknown in oriental history, "the equality of men and women." With her own money, she sends every year five of the most talented woman of the land to study in an American university, and these ladies are officially known as the empress's proteges. Accordingly to her wishes, primary and secondary schools have been established in all the principal towns. A college has been founded which does not exist in any other country, and in which the empress takes the keenest inteest, namly, a school for noblmen's daughters. To become a lady-in-waiting, or take any part in court life, it is necessary to have been a pupil at this school, and the curriculum comprises all the arts, from painting and poetry to needle and household work. Court etiquette in Japan is quite a science apart. It must be commenced between the ages of ten and eleven, being long and complicated.

HOME COOKING.

Baked Apples and Bananas.

Core five apples, fill the core with sugar and put about a two-inch piece of banana in each core; sprinkle with sugar and a dot of butter. Bake until tender through.

Hot Creamed Cabbage.

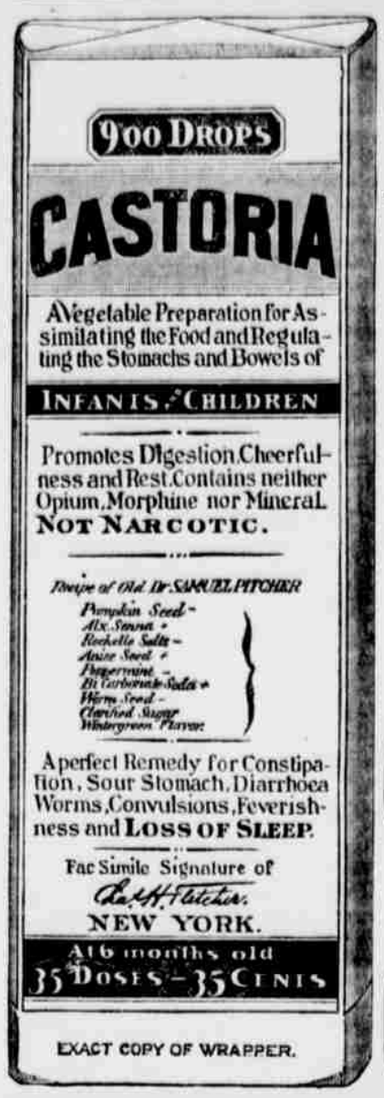
Heat a rounding tablespoon of butter and sugar with one cup of vinegar and add one cup of sour cream beaten with one egg and a rounding teaspoon of flour. Let it boil two or three minutes, then pour on two quarts of finely-chopped cabbage seasoned with salt and pepper and dry mustard.

Hot Ginger Bread.

Dissolve one level teaspoonful of soda in one cup of sour cream and one cup of molasses add one level teaspoon of ginger, one-half level teaspoon of salt, and two and one-half cups of flour. Bake in a shallow pan.

Delicious Fruit Punch.

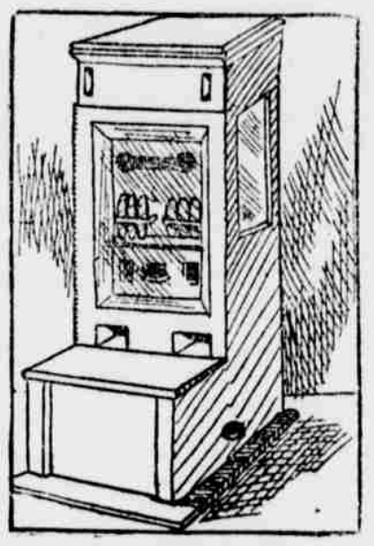
Put one pound of granulated sugar and one pint of water over the fire. Bring to a boil, skim and strain. When cold, add one cupful ofstrawebrry juice, the juice of one lemon, three tablespoonfuls of orange juice. Freeze.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES–35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Automatic Cigar Machine.

Automatic slot machines for almost every conceivable purpose are to be seen everywhere. From the automatic restaurant, large enough to feed an entire community, to the penny candy machine, they have been well patronized, to the detriment of the small storekeeper. The latest is a cigar-vending machine, similar in all respects to the old-



time chewing-gum machine. The customer is not compelled to purchase any one cigar, but has the choice of a 3 or 5-cent cigar or a 5 or 10-center. It remains only for the owner to provide good cigars, and the machine will prove equal to the emergeency and prove a good salesman.

A Living Sundial.

In the grounds adjacent to Wentworth Castle, England, is to be seen a unique sundial, which is composed of a fine yew tree for the pin, and closely cropped box bushes for the Roman figures and borderings. It was planted over 200 years ago, and is still in a good state of preservation. Its timekeeping, moreover, compares favorably with sundials of more modern construction.

Five Varieties of Coffee Plant.

According to recent French investigations there are at least five varieties of coffee plants, the berries of which contain no caffein at all, and one variety which contained but a very minute percentage. On the other hand, a sample of the berry of the botanical variety, "Coffee arabica," showed considerably over one per cent. of this active principle.

MAGAZINE READERS

SUNSET MAGAZINE
beautifully illustrated, good stories and articles about California and all the Far West. $1.50 a year

CAMERA CRAFT
devoted each month to the artistic reproduction of the best work of amateur and professional photographers. $1.00 a year

ROAD OF A THOUSAND WONDERS
a book of 75 pages, containing 120 colored photographs of picturesque spots in California and Oregon. $0.75

Total . . . $3.25

All for $1.50

Address all orders to
SUNSET MAGAZINE
Flood Building San Francisco

Fishermen are almost unanimous in their assertion that the six inch limit is too large by an inch. They point out that the creeks are full of trout five and a half inches long, and that it is no trick at all to catch them, and that if they were allowed to keep the five inch trout they could have dead loads of fun. The truth of the matter is, the law was passed to protect the fish, not to enable fishermen to have fun. If the law fixed the limit at five inches instead of six, all the five inch trout would have been caught long ago, and there would be nothing but the four and a half inch fellows left by this time. The story about hooked trout all dying is also effectually discredited by the fishermen themselves. They all catch enormous numbers of five inch trout, and as all fishermen are law abiding, they throw them all back. Now, if they all died as has been asserted, the creeks would be devoid of fish. The situation points plainly to the fact that at least ninety per cent of the short fish caught and thrown back, survive to bite the hook of the next angler who comes along.

To paraphrase a well known couplet, we will say:

"The fish that bites, and gets away
Will live to bite another day."

Our devil says that he can improve on this, and here is his contribution:

"The fish that bites, and off does squirm.
Will live to chaw another worm."

—*Dushore Review.*

Blobbs—"Yes, I fell in love with her at first sight." Slobbs—"Why, you don't know her." Blobbs—"Perhaps that's the reason."

QUICK CHANGES from hot to cold and back again try strong constitutions and cause, among other evils, nasal catarrh, a troublesome and offensive disease. Sneezing and snuffling, coughing and difficult breathing, and the drip, drip of *the foul* discharge into the throat—all are ended by Ely's Cream Balm. This honest and positive remedy contains no cocaine, mercury, nor other harmful ingredient. The worst cases are cured in a short time. All druggists, 50c., or mailed by Ely Bros, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Some fellows never know when they are licked, and others won't stay licked when they do.

They Stand Alone.

Standing out in bold relief, *all alone*, and as a conspicious example of open, frank and honest dealing with the sick and afflicted, are Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak, over-worked, debilitated, nervous, "run-down," pain-racked women, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the famous remedy for weak stomach, indigestion, or dyspepsia, torpid liver, or biliousness, all catarrhal affections whether of the stomach, bowels, kidneys, bladder, nasal passages, throat, bronchia, or other mucous passages, also as an effective remedy for all diseases arising from thin, watery or impure blood, as scrofulous and skin affections.

Each bottle of the above medicines bears upon its wrapper a badge of honesty in the full list of ingredients composing it—*printed in plain English*. This frank and open publicity places these medicines *in a class all by themselves*, and is a strong guaranty of their merits. They cannot be classed as patent nor secret medicines for they are neither—*being of known composition*.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation, headache and biliousness. In vials, a convenient vest-pocket remedy.

Coldest Since 1794.

Record of a Hundred and Seventeen Years.

J. R. Elfreth, a well-known resident of Delaware county, has a complete record of the weather for the last hundred and seventeen years, going back to 1794, which shows that with the exception of May of 1794, last month was the coldest May of which he has record, being even colder than the May of the famous cold year of 1816, when there were frost and ice every month of the year. According to Mr. Elfreth's reports, last month was colder than the May of 1816 by ten degrees. Then buds and small fruit froze on the trees, corn and beans had to be planted three or four times and crops were ruined. Farmers worked in the fields all summer with heavy coats and vests, and had to break the watering troughs in the middle of July and August, as well as every other month in the year. The Mays of 1790, 1791 and 1792 were cold, with an average temperature of 56. 1805 was cold in May, with snow on the eighth day. May in 1810, 1841, 1843, 1845, 1867, 1868, 1874 and 1884 was exceptionally cold, small fruits being destroyed by heavy frosts, but with the exception of 1794, which was only half a degree colder. May of the present year holds the record for a hundred and seventeen years at least.

People Tell Each Other About Good Things.

Twelve years ago few people in the world knew of such a preparation as a Powder for the Feet. Today after the genuine merit of Allen's Foot-Ease has been told year after year by one gratified person to another, there are millions who would as soon go without a dentrifice as without Allen's Foot-Ease. It is a cleanly, wholesome, healing, antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes, which has given rest and comfort to tired and aching feet in all parts of the world. It cures while you walk. Over 30,000 testimonials of cures of smarting, swollen, perspiring feet. It prevents friction and wear of the stockings and will save in your stocking bill ten times its cost each year. Imitations pay the dealer a larger profit, otherwise, you would never be offered a substitute when you ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, the original powder for the feet. Imitations are not advertised because they are not permanent. For every genuine article there are many imitations. The imitator has no reputation to sustain—the advertiser has. It stands to reason that the advertised article is the best, otherwise the public would not buy it and the advertising could not be continued. When you ask for an article advertised in this paper, see that you get it. Refuse imitations.

"Keep Your Head Cool,

your conscience clear and your bowels open." There is a ton of common-sense in it. Constipation is death in life. The intestines are clogged with matter. You must move it or be sick—fever possibly. Take Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy until the bowels are clear and natural. Write Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle. Large bottles $1.00, all druggists.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6¼, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Scott's Emulsion strengthens enfeebled nursing mothers by increasing their flesh and nerve force.

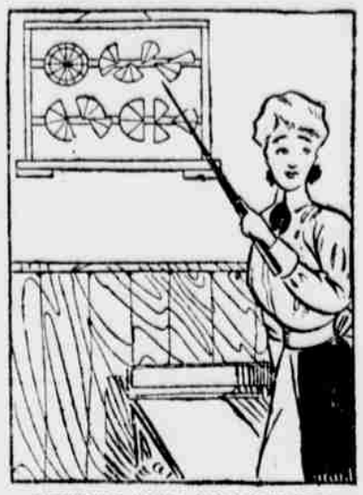
It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

A HELP IN THE SCHOOLROOM.

Device for Facilitating Teaching of Fractions.

School teachers assert that they experience little difficulty in teaching small children numbers up to 100, as parents generally impart this knowledge of figures to the child before it goes to school. Their most troublesome task is to instill fractions into the youthful mind. In the illustration a device for facilitating the teaching of fractions is shown. It consists of a sphere divided into halves, and the halves again divided into a number of segments. The sphere is supported on wires on a frame, the individual sections being prevented fromrotating, but can, nevertheless, be moved and separated from each other. The sphere can be quickly divided into quarters and eights, and the pupil given a practical demonstration of what seems to him an intricate problem.



DIVIDES INTO FRACTIONS.

HOUSEHOLD SUGGESTIONS.

To cleanse a mica chimney rinse it carefully first in vinegar, then in cold water.

Utensils made of aluminum must never be washed with soda or their appearance will be hopelessly ruined.

A cabbage is more wholesome when boiled in two waters. The first carries off the oil, which to some people is very indigestible.

Books with delicate bindings, which have become soiled through much handling, can be satisfactorily cleaned by rubbing with chamios skin dipped in powdered pumice stone.

Sponge carpets occasionally with hot water in which either common salt or powered alum has been dissolved. This not only brightens the carpets, but prevents moths.

Gravy will generally be lumpy if the thickening is poured in while the pan is over the fire. Set the pan off until the thickening is well stirred in, then set it on the fire and cook it thoroughly.

Women in Hotels.

In proof that public sentiment has changed largely in regard to women, a writer calls attention to the fact that there are now so many more women to be seen in the lobbies of hotels than there used to be. One can scarcely conceive of a woman's passing any time in the lobby of a hotel unless it was necessary, but possibly the point lies in that, as a woman never hesitates to do anything that she considers necessary, this makes it proper.

Care of Brass Beds.

For brass beds no polishing powders nor liquids should be employed, the brass requiring nothing more than a rubbing with a soft rag to keep it looking bright. After the lacquer is broken by the use of powder it will be a task to keep the brass in anything like good condition. The lacquer with which these bedsteads are finished is not meant to be disturbed, but is intended to protect the brass from tarnishing through action of the air.

To Interest the Children.

If parents would invest in a small amount of ordinary modeling clay they would feel well repaid in seeing what a source of amusement it is for the children. They rarely tire of the work, and very quickly learn to model useful household articles. Vases, jardinieres and even flower boxes can be made, and when covered with enamel paint prove useful for the summer piazza.

CASTORIA.

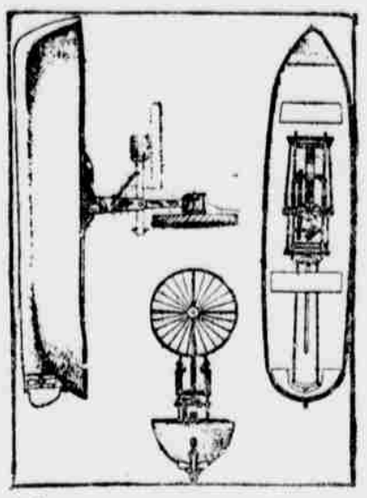
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Driven Without Sails or Engine.

A wind-propelled boat without sails is a paradox proposed by a St. Louis man who comprehensively designates his device a boat propellor. Fortunately, he is not so enthusiastic over his invention as to imagine that it can be used as a substitute for steam on ocean liners or for sails in the merchant marine, but is content to suggest its proper sphere as belonging to pleasure craft and similar small boats.

Ostensibly the boat is propelled by a windwheeel of usual design, geared in suitable manner, with an ordinary propeller disposed as usual. As the



wind may not always be favorable, as all yachtsmen and a few others appreciate, a supplementary hand mechanism is provided, operating very much like the lever-arm devices of the small boy's express wagon. When the wind is favorable, the wind-wheel is raised and swung around into proper relation to the breeze, the hand mechanism being disconnected temporarily. As neither sails nor oars are utilized, the inventor thinks he has reduced the possibilities of capsizing to a minimum, even though the boat be in the hands of unskilled sailors.

Petroleum in Manchuria.

The first cargo of petroleum arrived in Manchuria from this country in April, 1904. The emptied oil cans are utilized for everything from a cook stove, on which a Chinese chef can evolve a seven or eight course dinner, to the shingling of a roof or the decorating of a donkey's harness.

Inside the Pike.

A man fishing in the lake at Geradmer (Vosges), caught a large pike weighing about thirty pounds. In preparing it for the table the cook found a purse containing £9 inside, and this was afterwards identified by a person who a few days before had dropped it into the lake.

The French Bill of Fare.

French, on bills of fare, the London Ladies' Pictorial says, will always be preferred by nine out of ten persons, because it introduces into the taking of one's meals an element of chance and adventure which is nearly always appreciated.

FASHION'S MANDATE.

A very novel collar is made of many ruches of tulle mixed with velvet baby ribbon in black and white, the black velvet forming flowers.

Silver in braids or fancy trimmings is much used on the pale gray fabrics now so much in vogue.

A novelty in high shoes is of mordore leather, fastened with little tabs instead of buttons or laces.

Lace on lingerie, while still much in favor, is less popular than embroidery for trimming the corset cover intended for ordinary wear. The latter both lasts longer and washes better than lace, even the durable German valenciennes.

HUMPHREYS'

Specifics cure by acting directly on the *sick parts* without disturbing the rest of the system.

No. 1 for Fevers.
No. 2 " Worms.
No. 3 " Teething.
No. 4 " Diarrhea.
No. 7 " Coughs.
No. 8 " Neuralgia.
No. 9 " Headaches.
No. 10 " Dyspepsia.
No. 11 " Suppressed Periods.
No. 12 " Whites.
No. 13 " Croup.
No. 14 " The Skin.
No. 15 " Rheumatism.
No. 16 " Malaria.
No. 19 " Catarrh.
No. 20 " Whooping Cough.
No. 27 " The Kidneys.
No. 30 " The Bladder.
No. 77 " La Grippe.

In small bottles of pellets that fit the vest pocket. At Druggists or mailed, 25c. each.

☞ Medical Guide mailed free.

Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Streets, New York.

HOW TO BUY MODERN CHINA.

Begin by Buying a Few Pieces at Is Cheapest in the End.

In buying china several points should be kept in mind. It is cheaper in the end to buy a good quality By this is not meant elaborate patterns. The simpler colors are the better. Gold is expensive and pieces on which gold is used will cost accordingly. Where stencils are used comparatively little brush work is necessary, and, of course, all extra hand work must tend to increase the price. The finest brush work, known as stipple work, requires a skilled man. It follows that if a piece of china has only handwork it must prove very expensive. Thus the price of a single cup and saucer may run up to thirty or forty dollars.

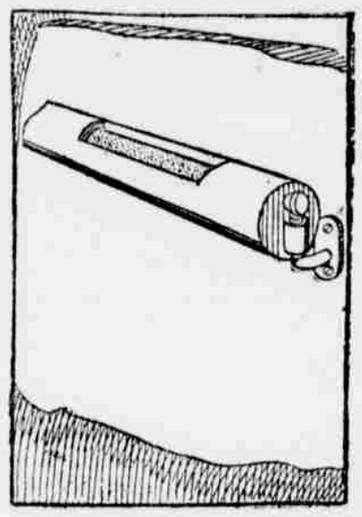
Always choose china which has a name on the bottom of the piece or a mark of the pottery. It is impossible in a short article to give these marks. Books are filled with them and their study is one of great interest. It should also be remembered that the lasting qualities of china are not necessarily determined by its thickness or weight.

If you can begin your collection with only a few pieces, be sure that there are representative examples of the potteries whose names they bear. All large houses carry number of these stock patterns, so that one may acquire a dozen breakfast plates at one time, a half dozen coffee cups and saucers at another time and so on, until he has a complete set, or as many pieces as are needed in the family.

Such stock patterns are by no means confined to the cheaper grades of china, but many of the best potteries bring out most desirable sets in quality and beauty of design.

Air Moistener.

A Kansas man has very carefully investigated the advantages and disadvantages of various degrees of air in the living room. He has demonstrated that rooms heated from stoves, heaters, etc., are detrimental to human life, as all the moisture in the air is absorbed by the heat, rendering the air exceedingly dry. To offset this dryness, he recommends placing an air moistener, or evaporator as shown in the illustration in every room. This device is in the form of a hollow tube and has covered water chambers at each end. Intermediate of the ends is



MOISTENS THE AIR IN ROOM.

an open trough filled with an absorbent material. Suitable fastenings are provided to attach the moistener to the wall or other convenient position.

NEEDLEWORK NOTES.

Velvet seams should be sewn by hand with a back stitch.

Cut your basting threads short when removing, for in the drawing out of long threads the friction isapt to burn holes in delicate fabric.

Dummy linings properly fitted and dress forms to build over save the price of the forms many times over in the saving from failure or the gaining of best results.

Bear in mind while working with colored silks not to dampen the ends of the thread in the mouth before trying to thread the needle. The silks are colored with poisonous matter and quite often persons have suffered intensely from poison caused in this manner. Dampen the finger tips and twist the threads.

Improving the Hair.

The luster of dark hair may be improved by massaging the scalp with a mixture made as follows: Beat a raw egg, to which has been added a quarter of a teaspoonful of bicarbonate of soda into half a pint of California claret.

This should be rinsed out well after the massaging. It will give red lights to the hair without changing the color in any way, and it also stimulates the growth.

An Emergency Dish.

A good emergency dish for Sunday night tea or the unexpected luncheon guest is this. Cut slices of bread a little thick and scoop a hollow in the center of each, leaving the crust as a rim. Grate some cheese, season it with salt and paprika, moisten it with milk and spread the mixture on the bread. Then turn an egg without breaking the yolk into each piece dot it with butter and bake about ten minutes.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 25, 1906

Trains leave EAST as follows:

For Nescopeck and Wilkesbarre, 7:50, 10:46 a. m., 2:13 (4:28 Nescopeck only), 6:20 p. m. week-days.

For Catawissa and Sunbury, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays 4:07 p. m.

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7:50 10:46 a. m., 2.43, 6.20 p. m. week-days.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7 50 a. m., 4:28 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7:50 10:46 a. m., 4.28, 6.20 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, and Ridgway 11 47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8:25 a. m, 4:07 p. m.; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. 4:07, 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; 4:07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8.25, 11 47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays, 4:07 p. m.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8:25 a. m., 4.07 7.25 p. m. week days; 4:07 daily; via Lewistown Junction, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days; via Lock Haven, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passr Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 17, 1904.
TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.27 via West Milton; 11:30 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays. 7:27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12 20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG:

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10a. m.
Leave Philadelphia 10.21a. m.
Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.
Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.
Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.
Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m, 4.30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.20 a. m. 1.50, 3.32 p.m.
Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R R.
From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY
7:30 a. m. Lcl.	4:00 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp	(60 Minutes)	4:15 p. m.
11:30 a. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m.
2:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	SEA ISLE CITY
	7:15 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
	SUNDAYS.	
ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY
8:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	8:45 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
10:00 a. m. Exp.		

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut St., 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3062 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT

June 1 1904, and until Further Notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

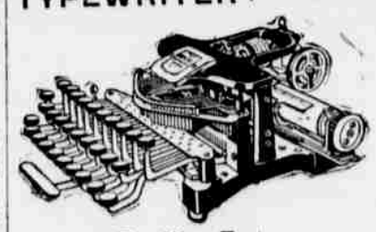
First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m

First car leaves Catawissa Sunday at 7:30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

THE POSTAL TYPEWRITER $25.00



A Few Excelling Features

First-class in material and workmanship.
Uses universal key board-writes 84 characters.
Simple construction—Fewest parts.
Alignment positive and permanent.
Extra great manifolding power.
Unexcelled for mimeograph stencil cutting.
Inked by ribbon, as in $100 machine
Visible writing—no carriage to lift.
Style of type changed if desired in few seconds.
Light, easily carried—weighs only 10½ pounds.
The lowest priced practical typewriter.
Every machine fully guaranteed.
Why pay $100 for a typewriter when the Postal, which will do just the same work as well, as easily and as quickly will cost you only $25.
Why tie up that $75 where you derive no benefit from it?
This machine can be seen at the COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Postal Typewriter Company
Norwalk' Conn

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect March 1st., 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	*6 45	†10 00	12 20	*5 25
Cameron	6 56	.....	12 31	15 35
Danville	7 05	10 19	2 11	5 [illegible]
Catawissa	7 19	10 32	2 23	5 [illegible]
Rupert	7 24	10 37	2 29	.....
Bloomsburg	7 31	10 41	2 35	[illegible]
Espy	7 36	10 46	2 40	[illegible]
Lime Ridge	7 41	10 51	2 45	[illegible]
Willow Grove	17 45	.....	12 50	.....
Briarcreek	7 48	.....	12 53	[illegible]
Berwick	7 54	11 02	2 58	[illegible]
Beach Haven	8 00	11 07	3 03	[illegible]
Hick's Ferry	8 08	11 14	3 09	[illegible]
Shickshinny	8 20	11 25	3 21	5 39
Hunlock's	8 30	.....	3 31	17 09
Nanticoke	8 37	11 39	3 38	7 14
Avondale	8 40	.....	3 41	7 22
Plymouth	8 44	11 47	3 45	7 26
Plymouth Junction	8 47	.....	3 48	.....
Kingston	8 55	11 55	4 06	7
Luzerne	8 58	11 58	4 08	7 42
Forty Fort	19 00	.....	4 07	.....
Wyoming	9 05	12 05	4 11	7
West Pittston	9 10	.....	4 17	7 53
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	12 11	4 20	7 56
Pittston	9 19	12 14	4 24	8 01
Duryea	9 23	.....	4 29	8 06
Old Forge	9 26	.....	4 32	8 10
Taylor	9 32	.....	11 40	8 17
SCRANTON	*9 42	†12 35	4 50	*8 35
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 35	10 20	1 55	*6 40
Taylor	6 44	10 30	2 03	6 4
Old Forge	6 50	10 36	2 10	6 55
Duryea	6 53	10 39	2 13	6 58
Pittston	6 57	10 44	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave	7 00	10 47	2 19	7 04
West Pittston	7 04	10 51	2 23	7 08
Wyoming	7 09	10 56	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort	.....	.....	12 31	.....
Luzerne	7 16	11 02	2 34	7 19
Kingston	7 24	11 08	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plymouth	7 28	11 17	2 49	7 34
Avondale	7 37	.....	2 54	.....
Nanticoke	7 41	11 25	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's	7 47	11 34	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny	7 57	11 44	3 20	7 58
Hick's Ferry	8 08	11 54	3 30	8 08
Beach Haven	8 14	12 00	3 37	8 14
Berwick	8 22	12 07	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek	.....	12 12	12 50	.....
Willow Grove	.....	.....	12 54	18 28
Lime Ridge	18 33	12 18	3 58	8 33
Espy	.....	12 23	4 06	8 39
Bloomsburg	8 45	12 29	4 12	8 45
Rupert	8 49	12 34	4 15	8 50
Catawissa	8 53	12 38	4 20	8 55
Danville	9 07	12 51	4 32	9 10
Cameron	9 14	11 01	4 [illegible]	.....
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 25	*1 12	†4 38	9 35
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

*Daily. † Daily except Sunday. ‡ Stops on signal or notice to conductor.

R. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1906, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M
	†	†	‡	
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 06
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	....
Bloomsburg Main St	9 05	2 42	6 20	....
Paper Mill	9 15	2 52	6 30	6 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 52	7 08
Zaners	9 40	3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons	10 00	3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	10 03	3 40	7 21	8 16
Laubachs	10 08	3 45	7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park	10 10	3 47	7 38	....
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
	†	†	‡	‡	
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	16 01	17 12	f4 47	f11 00	.....
Laubachs	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 53
Coles Creek	16 12	11 06	4 53	7 22	12 05
Edsons	6 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	12 16
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	16 35	f11 29	5 17	f7 45	12 58
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 4[illegible]	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street	7 00	11 50	39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. Main St.	7 13	12 02	5 53	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily ‖ Sunday only. f Flag stop.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

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Promotes a luxuriant growth.
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Cures scalp diseases & hair falling.

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THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1907

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C. June 24, 1907.

In spite of the circumstantial report that Ambassador Aoki of Japan was about to be recalled, official confirmation is lacking. It is known that Ambassador Aoki has a number of enemies at the Japanese court and he has been put in a very embarrassing position, at least it would be embarrassing for a Caucassian, in having to report one thing to his government and see the government give out an entirely different report to the public. This is the case in the killing of the Japanese poachers on the Island of St. Paul and in some of the Japanese troubles that have occurred on the Pacific coast. Since the report of his recall, the Japanese foreign office has kept quiet, neither confirming nor denying the report, and at the Japanese Embassy here, the Ambassador has denied himself to all newspaper callers and explained through his secretary that it is impossible for him to talk on any subject even the weather.

***

As matters have developed, the Commissioner of Pensions seems to be doing a very thorough job of cleaning up land bounty grafters who have for years been fattening at the expense of the old pensioners. About six months ago, the Commissioner began to be aware of what was common knowledge in Washington for years, that there was a regular business being carried on in speculating in land bounty warrants. As many people do not seem familiar with the law, it may be worth while to explain that soldiers, their widows and their heirs of all the wars prior to March 1855, are entitled to a bounty of 160 acres of government land in addition to their pension. This is right enough if the old soldiers or their widows get it. But there have been many pension agents who have made a practice of hunting up pensioners who had not claimed their land bounty, putting the claim through for them and then buying the warrant from them cheaply as possible and selling it to the highest bidder. There was a regular market in land script, and a warrant for 160 acres was worth from $700 to $750. They were mostly sold to the big timber and mineral land companies. The attorneys used to get them from the pensioners to whom they were issued for from $75 upward. They usually represented that the bounty was worth nothing after it was obtained, and one firm disbarred last week, was alleged to have made $100,000 out of dealing in land script alone. In fact they did nothing else. There were many pitiful cases unearthed in which old soldiers and their widows had been shamelessly robbed and in some cases the pension firms would even have executors appointed for dead soldiers who had neither heirs nor widows. Some firms have been disbarred from practice before the Interior Department, and a number of others are now under investigation. Any who have been dishonestly treated by their attorneys can present their cases to the Commissioner of Pensions and they will be fairly investigated.

***

The officers of the government who are willing to sacrifice themselves on the altar of their country by taking a vacation at the seashore during the hot weather, are beginning to flit out of Washington. Secretary Metcalf of the Navy Department has just started on his summer vacation for the Pacific Coast. His home is out there, but he is going to investigate labor conditions and work in the shipyards, so it is quite possible he will be able to charge the trip up to the government. There has been trouble about warship building on the Pacific coast sure enough. The price of labor and material has advanced enormously, the former owing to the exactions of the labor unions, and the Union Iron Works which made a world wide reputation in building the battleship Oregon, has notified the Navy Department that it will be impossible for it to accept any more government contracts. This is annoying as it had been intended to have one of the two 20,000 ton battleships built on the Pacific coast. The Secretary intends to inspect the ship yards and will be in a better position then to say if there is any remedy for the present condition.

***

The trial of Edwin S. Holmes, formerly associate statistician of the Department of Agriculture, is proceeding. Holmes was the statistician under whom the famous "leak" in the cotton crop statistics occurred. According to the evidence now being given in court, it would seem that Mr. Holmes ought to be sent to the insane asylum instead of the penitentiary for not making more than he did out of his information. He was practically in sole charge of the cotton crop report for a long time and manipulated it to suit the needs of his clients who were playing the market. He had a sure thing and if he wanted to be crooked at all, it would seem that he might have made millions just as easily as he made thousands. The testimony shows that he was selling information to three or four New York cotton brokers and taking a rake off on their winnings. He seems to have been a modest young man and was satisfied with a small share of the profits. He made from $40,000 to $60,000 at a stroke but this seems mere chicken feed to what he might have made with the information at his command. It looks from the present testimony as though Mr. Holmes had profited from his dishonesty in very homeopathic doses.

***

It ought to be good news to all cities of any size that there is a fair prospect of the railroad smoke nuisance being abolished. The Geological Survey has been working on the problem along with its other fuel investigations and has found that briquettes made of the slack coal from the mines mixed with a little coal tar will burn in a locomotive without smoke and really furnish more steam than ordinary coal. The reason that they have not been more generally used heretofore is that there has not been enough margin of profit in making briquettes. But since they furnish a good smokeless fuel, there is a fair probability that their use will be taken up by the railroads within the limits of large cities and thus a large part of the city smoke nuisance will be done away with.

My Hair Ran Away

Don't have a falling out with your hair. It might leave you! Then what? That would mean thin, scraggly, uneven, rough hair. Keep your hair at home! Fasten it tightly to your scalp! You can easily do it with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is something more than a simple hair dressing. It is a hair medicine, a hair tonic, a hair food.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

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FOR STATE TREASURER.

John G. Harman Will be Named by State Convention.

The Democratic State Convention in session at Harrisburg today, will nominate our distinguished citizen, Hon. John G. Harman for the office of State Treasurer. No one else is talked of, and unless something unforeseen occurs, he will be nominated. Mr. Harman attracted state-wide attention in the legislature by his fight for reform, and by his able speeches. He has not sought the office, and if it comes to him it will come without any solicitation on his part.

Treasurer Berry will be temporary and permanent chairman of the convention. He spent most of his time yesterday in company with Colonel James M. Guffey, State Chairman Charles P. Donnelly and ex-State Chairman J. K. P. Hall. Mr. Berry's speech will be aimed to spread a belief that there would have been a poor chance of an uncovering of the Capitol thieves if the Democratic party, aided by honest Republicans had not elected its State Treasurer candidate. The Berry speech will also review the revelations of the robberies committed under their noses, if not with the connivance of Republican State officers, and will be, in connection with the platform, the key-note of the approaching State campaign. We will print it in full next week.

The platform will deprecate Republican Machine attempts to throw dust into the eyes of the robbed taxpayers by booming a Presidential candidate and eulogizing Roosevelt. As to the deductions from the Capitol probing, there will be a demand for Congressman Cassell's resignation, a severe condemnation of the Auditor General's department and a demand upon the present State Administration for speedy prosecution, criminally and civilly, of the Capitol grafters.

Unequal and unnecessary taxation, causing the huge surplus of State funds in banks especially favored by Machine politicians, will be denounced in the platform. It will contain strong anti-Trust declarations and will condemn the Republican majority of the Legislature for killing ballot reforms in the last session. The defeat of the McCord bill, for a popular vote at the primaries upon United States Senatorial candidates, will also be condemned. Insufficiency of the fines for violations of the railroad laws recently passed will be denounced. It will be pointed out that if so much of the public funds had not been stolen it would not be necessary to ignore the civil war veterans in the present appropriations.

Columbia Park in Gala Attire.

Columbia park at Lime Ridge, is now running full blast and there are but few parks of its size in Central Pennsylvania that are so well equipped to accommodate a large crowd as is this place. J. W. Peifer, the manager, has had erected two new cottages and these together with the other buildings will shelter a crowd of 4000 in case of rain.

Fine flower beds have been laid out and present a very beautiful appearance. Scattered around through the grove are benches and tables which are used for basket picnics, while a new dining room large enough to accommodate 100 persons, has recently been erected for picnickers who wish dinners prepared on the grounds.

Almost every day there are several private parties on the grounds, and Mr. Peifer already has a large number of picnics booked for the present season, the parties coming from Danville, Bloomsburg, Catawissa and Berwick.

Last summer there were picnics at the park every day, many of the Sunday schools from this section having their annual outings at Columbia park, and the booking this year includes almost all of the institutions that picnicked at the park last summer, which alone speaks well for Columbia park.

Mr. Bittenbender, the assistant, is a hustler, and it is largely due to his efforts that the amusements are so popular.

TOO OFFICIOUS.

Last week's *Milton Standard* says: At this distance it looks as though there was a deputy fish warden named Holland down the line who ought to be fired. The other day a Georgetown man gave Deputy Sheriff Deppen a box of fish to bring up to Sunbury for the sick wife of a friend. The deputy sheriff handed the box over to two young men who were on the train coming up to the county seat. Deputy Fish Warden Holland was also on the train, and nosed about the box and discovered that it contained some sunfish. He immediately arrested the innocent young men and manacled them. Notwithstanding their explanation and that of the deputy sheriff he marched them through the streets of Sunbury, handcuffed, to the office of 'Squire Carpenter, who as soon as he heard the story, released the boys, who were greatly mortified and justly indignant. The enforcement of the game laws suffers more setbacks from the indiscretions of nincompoops who hold warrens' commissions and are clothed with authority than from those who violate their provisions. This case is a fair sample. Somebody ought to be held responsible for such an outrage.

JAILED FOR ILLEGAL FISHING.

George E. Riley, the Wilkes-Barre fish and game warden, charged with catching 130 trout under legal size, and sentenced to spend 1300 days in jail, must serve his sentence. Riley was arrested several weeks ago by members of the State Constabulary on the charge of having sold to the Merchants' Club, of Wilkes-Barre, 130 trout under the legal size. He was given a hearing before Alderman Pollock, who fined him $10 for each fish, making a total of $1300. Riley refused to pay the same, and then the Alderman sentenced him to serve 1300 days in the county jail, one day for each dollar fine. Riley took an appeal from the Alderman's judgment and on this appeal the argument was held on Saturday before Judge Ferris, who dismissed the appeal, affirmed the judgment of the Alderman and directed that Riley must serve the sentence imposed by the Alderman. The Sheriff took charge of Riley and escorted him to jail.

State Teachers' Association Presents a Splendid Program.

The Pennsylvania State Educational Association will hold its annual meeting at Greensburg, July, 2, 3 and 4, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week. It promises to be a most profitable and enjoyable session. Among those who will take part on the program are Hon. Henry Houck, Harrisburg; Dr. E. T. Jeffers, York; Dr. J. D. Moffat, President Washington and Jefferson College; Miss Olive Jones, Principal of Schools for Chronic Truants and Incorrigibles, New York City; Supt. Eli M. Rapp, Berks county; Gen. James A. Beaver, Bellefonte, Acting President State College; Librarian Geo. H. Lamb, Braddock, and Bishop John H. Vincent, Chautauqua, N. Y. Splendid programs have been arranged for round table conferences by the Department of Child Study, Department of Nature Study, Department of High Schools, Kindergarten Department and Manual Training Department. The music will be a feature of the program. In addition to noted singers from Pittsburg and vicinity, Mlle. Regina Arta, of the Manhattan Opera, New York, will be present the entire session. Mlle. Arta is the artiste so often mentioned throughout the State by Hon. Henry Houck in his lectures upon his trip abroad. This meeting should be well attended.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,
Pennsylvania State
Educational Association

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TWO PIECE SUITS!

for this kind of weather. It is really too hot to think of a vest. Don't fail to look over our line of TWO PIECE SUITS before you take your vacation. They will more than repay you in comfort for the price you pay.

LIGHT WEIGHT BLUE SERGE COATS
FOR SUMMER WEAR.

TOWNSEND'S
NEW STORE.

THE EXTRAORDINARY
—IN—
Summer Wash Suits

If you'll come in and let us show you these new and delightful WASH SUITS, we promise you a most enjoyable hour.

By far the greatest selection to be found anywhere in this section comprising all the newest fads and fancies in Lawns, Shrunken Muslin, Fine Swisses, Batiste and Fine Persian Lawns. The prices range from $2.00 to $17.50.

In the same showing you will find a beautiful array of Shirt Waists and Separate Skirts in all the newest styles and best fabrics at moderate prices.

But whether it be Suit or Skirt, Shirt Waists or materials to make, you owe it to yourself to COME and SEE before buying.

A GLANCE AT THE SUITS

At $5.00—Dotted Swiss Suits with different colors in floral designs, Lingerie waists with Dutchess effects, trimmed with German Lace and Insertion.

At $5.98—Suits of fine Lawn—Lingerie waists, tucked and trimmed with fillet lace, full skirt, with rows of fillet lace insertion.

At $5.98—A Jumper suit of light blue Batiste—beautifully made and a very stylish suit. Many of the popular suits in all the different colorings are shown from 5 to 5.75.

At $8.00—Princess Suit of fine white Lawn, beautifully sherred and trimmed with cluny lace.

THE WHITE DRESS SKIRTS

Larger variety— better values than ever, in a wide range of prices from $1.00 to $4.50. We mention a few;

At $1.00—Nine gored skirt of Shrunken Muslin, pleated at each seam, panel effect.

At $1.25—Linen finished shrunken muslin skirt, 11 gored, trimmed with straps of same material.

At $1.98—Skirt of fine quality, White Lawn tucked at yoke, knee and bottom.

At $3.00—Skirt of fine Linenette—strap trimming and inverted pleats.

At $4.50—White skirt of fine all Linen seven gores—pleated.

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Cut off that cough with
Jayne's Expectorant
and prevent pneumonia, bronchitis and consumption.
The world's Standard Throat and Lung Medicine for 75 years.
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Styles and workmanship Supreme,

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Chas. M. Evans

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JUNE 27 1907

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Lutz who have been visiting their son Frank on Long Island, have returned home.

Edward Elwell came home from Trinity College on Wednesday afternoon. He is now a member of the Junior class.

Electrical storms are quite frequent and sufficiently severe. They are getting busy quite early in the season.

W. O. Holmes' expense account filed in the Prothonotary's office shows that his campaign expenses were $61.13.

Visiting cards and Wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN office. tf

Prof. William Noetling of Selinsgrove was most cordially welcomed by his many friends at the Normal School exercises this week. For many years he was at the head of the Pedagogical department of the school.

Here is Relief for Women.

If you have pains in the back, Urinary, Bladder or Kidney trouble, and want a certain, pleasant herb cure for woman's ills, try Mother Gray's Australian Leaf. It is a safe and never-failing monthly regulator. At Druggists or by mail 50 cents. Sample FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y. 6-27-4t.

Miss Margaret E. Musselman died at the home of her brother-in-law John Foulk in Orange township last Thursday. She was probably the oldest woman in the county, her age being 97 years, 4 months and 6 days.

A Certain Cure for Aching Feet.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder; cures Tired, Aching, Sweating, Swollen feet. Sample sent FREE. Also Free Sample of the Foot-Ease Sanitary Corn-Pad, a new invention. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 6-27-4t

The graduating exercises of the Training School for Nurses at the Joseph Ratti Hospital were held in the Normal Auditorium last Thursday evening. A. Z. Schoch, President of the Board of Managers, presided, and a very interesting address was made by Dr. D. J. Waller. The graduates are Miss Thursa Drake, Miss Esther Geddis, and Miss Florence Gorrey.

Mrs. L. C. Williams died at her home on East street on Tuesday afternoon, after an illness of nine weeks. Her maiden name was Elizabeth Barkel, and she was born in England, coming to this country in childhood. Her age was 56 years, and she is survived by her husband and four children, Mrs. A. B. Black, Mrs. Howard Yetter, Ruby, and Benjamin. The funeral will take place Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

PATENTS GIVE PROTECTION for seventeen years at little cost. Send for free booklet. **Milo B. Stevens & Co.**, 884 14th St., **Washington, D. C.** Branches: Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit. Estab. 1864. 6-27-4t.

David J. Tasker returned home last Thursday, having closed the season as manager of one of Lyman Howe's moving picture companies. He has been absent about ten months, and has traveled through many of the states west and south. His services are so highly appreciated by Mr. Howe, that when they settled up Mr. Howe made him a present of one hundred dollars. Mr. Tasker will spend most of the summer in Bloomsburg.

JERSEYS

Combination and Golden Lad

FOR SALE—2 Cows, 3 Heifers and 12 Bulls.

S. E. NIVIN, Landenburg, Pa.

5-23-1y*

MONEY IN TRUCK FARMS.

The abandoned farms of New England, New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania, according to Col. Levi Wells, one of the dairy inspectors of the agricultural department, are rapidly being taken up by wealthy manufacturers and business men, who utilize them for summer homes. There is a great increase in the eastern states in the number of dairys and truck farms to be found near the great cities. As a matter of fact the farmers who bend their energies in this direction are making independent fortunes, for the great farms of the west have practically driven the eastern farms to the wall in the raising of grain crops and cattle. Through rotation of crops and a growing knowledge of the science of agriculture, the eastern farmers are reclaiming many farms that have been abandoned and which have been considered absolutely exhausted. In the opinion of Colonel Wells, the outlook, agriculturally, for the eastern states is brighter than it has been for half a century. —*Scranton Tribune.*

RATS A HELP TO ENGINEERS.

Pestiferent Rodents Put to a Good Use at Munich.

To enlist rats in the construction of telephone systems may sound like a very unscientific notion, but we have it on the authority of Neue Erfindungen und Erfahrungen that this odd arrangement was put into practice at Munich and that the familiar pest has been found a valuable assistant in this work.

To stimulate the rat, however, it was necessary to introduce his traditional enemy, the ferret. The process was simple. The subterranean tubes for the reception of the cables having been laid, a rat was let loose at the starting point. Having run a little way, a trained ferret with a string to his leg was turned in after him. The tubes ran into manholes at intervals, and the rat, furtively glancing back, sees the glaring eyes of his arch-foe rapidly approaching. By the end of the section of the tube the rat is either overtaken or falls into the manhole, and another rat is requisitioned to run the next block.

At the end of each section the string is removed from the ferret's leg and a small rope, which is then attached to the other end of the string, is hauled through. In turn a heavy cable, consisting of 200 or 300 wires, is attached to the rope and likewise hauled through the tube.

Presumably it was necessary to see that the rat received a liberal handicap, otherwise his opponent might catch him prematurely and dispatch him midway in the tube. The scheme was pronounced a great success.

Jail of Solid Rock.

Troglodytes of history have lived in their caves from choice. At Clifton, Graham County, Arizona, are a number of unwilling troglodytes who are kept within their rocky home by officers of the law. Clifton is one of the centers of copper mining in Arizona. In one sense it may be inferred that the queer jail has its advantages, for the temperature of that part of Arizona frequently rises in summer as high as one hundred and twenty degrees in the shade. But to revert to the jail itself:

It comprises four large apartments, hewn in the side of a hill of solid quartz rock. The entrance to the jail is through a box-like vestibule, built of heavy masonry, and equipped with three sets of gates of steel bars.

Here and there, in the rocky walls, holes have been blasted for windows, and in these apertures a series of massive bars of steel have been fitted firmly in the rock.

The floor of the rock-bound jail is of cement, and the prisoners are confined wholly in the larger apartments. In some places the wall of quartz about the jail is fifteen feet thick.

Some of the most desperate criminals on the southwest border have been confined in the Clifton jail, and so solid and heavy are the barriers to escape that no one there has ever attempted to break to freedom. The notorious "Black Jack" was there for months.

H. W. CHAMPLIN M. D.
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.
Particular attention to examining and treating children's eyes.
Ent Building. Bloomsburg, Pa.

COMMENCEMENT WEEK.

Continued from 1st page.

THE BANQUET.

Shortly after two o'clock the dining room was thrown open and nearly 400 people sat down to partake of the banquet. Rev. Dr. Hemingway invoked the divine blessing.

The menu was as follows:

Strawberries Around Mounds of Sugar.
Nabisco Wafers.
Olives
Sweet Pickles.
Jellied Veal, garnished with parsley
Cold Ham.
Saratoga Chips.
Sliced Tomatoes, French Dressing.
Buttered Buns.
Fruit Punch.
Chicken Salad in Nest of Lettuce.
Butter Thins.
Saltine Wafers.
Neufchatel Cheese.
Neapolitan Ice Cream.
Fancy Cakes. Mixed Nuts.
Oranges. Bananas.
Coffee.

Granville J. Clark '83, of Wilkes-Barre, presided as toast master in a most entertaining manner. The toasts and speeches were as follows: "Our Principal," response by Prof. G. E. Wilbur; Class of '82, Dr. Bierman; class of '97, Mrs. Martha Brugler Creasy; "Our Trustees," by Geo E. Elwell; "Alma Mater and Alumni," by Dr. D. J. Waller; Class of '07, by Edward Lazarus. The speeches were good, and music was furnished between them by the school orchestra.

It was nearly five o'clock when the banquet closed, and it was one of the most memorable ones in the history of the school.

The following is a list of the graduates of 1907.

NORMAL COURSE.

Allabach, C. Millard, Anstock, Pearl D., Bacon, Bertha H., Baer, Bessie C., Barrett, Rose, Barrow, Mame, Best, Ella A., Bray, Morton H., Brobst, Carrie M., Brook, Margaret C., Brundage, Edna J., Buck, Olga L., Burrows, Ethel, Bush, Artemesia M., Campsie, Edith, Chamberlin, Anna J., Clancy, Elizabeth V., Cogswell, Bessie E., Conner, Helen, Conrad, Helen L., Coolbaugh, Ruth, Corby, Florence, Cramer, Cora E., Dailey, Margaret G., Dean, Alice, Delaney, Kathryn; Dever, Margaret, DeWire Harry, DeWitt, M. Lois, Dexter, Mabel A., Dino, John, Dino, Nicholas, Dodson, Harry A., Doty, Edythe A., Dreibelbis, Elizabeth V., Essick, Laura R., Evans, Elizabeth P., Evans, Virgie, Farnsworth, Margaret, Flynn, Evalyn, M. J., Franey, Irene, Gorrey, Helen, Gregg, Elizabeth, Griffith, Rae W., Hamlin, Rose J., Harris, John, Harter, Grace D., Henkelman, Gussie, Hess, Derl, Hess, Harriet, Hess, Harriet, Hess, Mary E., Higgins, Marie C., Hoppe, Blanche, Howard Mae L., James, Lysod H., James, Susan W., Jenkins, Charlotte M., Johns, Norma A., Johns, S. Blanche, Jolly, E. Louise, Jones, Miriam E., Kelley, Mary A., Kitchen, Arvilla, Kline, Jennie T., Kline, Pearl, Knauss, Daisy, Kocher, Hazel C., Lamoreux, Ruth, Lazarus, Edwin, Lehman, Geo. M., Lesser, Lulu L., Lesser, Nellie E., Levan, Wm. C., Llewellyn, L. N., Lloyd, Justin, Lovering, Bertha, Marcy, Clarence A., Marcy, Howard N., Masteller, Helen, Mauser, Helen B., Maxey, Mae R., Meisberger, David T., Miller, Elda, Mitchell, Ada, Morgan, Mary, Moyer, Sadie R., Mullahey, Belle, Noble, Alma G., O'Brien, Margaret, Pritchard, Marjorie V., Quick, Reba H., Riegel, Lulu A., Rittenhouse, Laura, Roat, Helen L., Rodriquez, Antonio, Schwartman, Eva T., Shaffer, Alice B., Shaw, Stella, Shultz, Horton R., Smith, Miriam I., Sterner, Bertha I., Todd, Genevieve, Tucker, Nellie, Vance, J. Gertrude, Wallace, Agnes F., Walters, Edith, Wanich, Myrtle C., Wardell, Helen L., Weaver, Mary E., Wells, Howard L., Welsh, Mabel, Wendt, Lillian, Westbooke, Blanche, Whitebread, Florence Wingert, Blanche P., Wolfe, Anna, Wolfe, Esther A., Wolfert, Emma D., Zang, Minnie.

COLLEGE PREPARATORY COURSE.

Conner, Stanley, Dino, John, Frisbie, Katharine, Fritz, Charles C., Gross, Gertrude, Landis, Wm. B., McCreary, Frank, Merril, Ernest, Moyer, Helen, Moyer, William, White, Joseph, Yeager, Clark.

COMMERCIAL COURSE.

Aspiazu, Eusebia S., Englehart, Paul H., Laubach, Murray, Reimard, Irene.

MUSIC COURSE.

Cousart, Josephine.

The curb stone market opened in good shape on Tuesday morning. There were a dozen or more wagons, and a fine variety of vegetables, and some strawberries.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*
The Kind You Have Always Bought

A NEW EXERCISING MACHINE.

Latest Punching Bag Simulates a Man's Head.

To accommodate the needs of the professional as well as the novice, a Massachusetts man has constructed a new-style punching-bag that is a vast improvement over the ordinary bag. Instead of using a plain, round bag, the form is made in imitation of a man's head. The boxer is thus given an incentive to do his best. He can shoot out straight leads and counters, with an occasional uppercut, and he need not direct his blow at the bag alone, but can take his choice of a left to the eye, a right to the nose, and, finally, an upper-cut for the knockout. The boxer can also

have the supreme satisfaction of knowing that his opponent will not hit back—although this may be a disadvantage rather than an advantage. To give the necessary rigidity to the head the latter is mounted upon a support, instead of swinging from a rod. The head moves freely in a socket and can be twisted in any direction. For amusement parlors an electric bell can be mechanically attached to the appartus, the bell ringing when the head is punched sufficiently to correspond to a knockout.

Wall Papers and Nerves.

There has lately been a suggestion that black wall paper might have a soothing effect on the nerves of those to whom the overgilding and decoration of rooms has become anathema, but it is more than doubtful that such sable surroundings would ever become popular. Our walls have more to do with our good spirits than many people imagine, and I know of one instance recently where the head of a household, not very long a benedict, has taken an inveterate dislike to his abode. Though he is not aware of the fact, the aversion is no doubt inspired by the dining room paper which he himself chose, overriding the opinion of his wife, whose achievements in regard to drawing room and bedrooms were all marked successes. The dining room, dark in aspect, to begin with, is papered in a dull, dark blue paper, artistic enough in its way, but not by any means conducive to hilarity, says Woman's Life. In London, sunless for so many months, we need all the light and simulation of sun obtainable, and many a wall paper is to be had which combines artistic feeling with cheerfulness. There are few things harder to choose successfully than wall papers, so many things have to be considered.

Mileage of the Human Blood.

The speed at which the blood circulates in the veins and arteries of a healthy man is something surprising. All day long, year in and year out, the round trips continue from the heart to the extremities and back again. The red blood corpuscles travel like boats in a stream, going to this or that station for such service as they have to preform; and the white corpuscles, the phagocytes, dart hither and thither like patrol boats, ready to arrest any contraband cargo of disease germs.

The mileage of the blood circulation reveals some astounding facts in our personal history. Thus it has been calculated that, assuming the heart to beat sixty-nine times a minute at ordinary heart pressure, the blood goes at the rate of two hundred and seven yards in the minute, or seven miles per hour, one hundred and sixty-eight miles per day and six thousand three hundred and twenty-four miles per year. If a man of eighty-four years of age could have one single blood corpuscle floating in his blood all his life it would have travelled in that same time five million one hundred and fifty thousand eight hundred and eight miles.

The Stormy Equinoxes.

"The popular belief that storms are more frequent about the time of the equinoxes, or when 'the sun crosses the line,' in March and September, receives some slight degree of support from the recent investigations of European scientists," states an expert of the Weather Bureau. "In Southwestern Europe March is the stormiest month, while in the British Islands and Norway January takes the lead in that respect; but, considering Europe as a whole, it appears that storms preponderate near the seasons of the equinoxes."

Phonographic Watch.

A new Swiss watch contains a tiny hard rubber phonograph plate which calls out the hours loud enough to be heard twenty feet away. Sentiment can be added by having the words recorded on the plate in the tones of a dear friend—as those of a man's wife or children.

WE ARE READY

To serve you with full lines of Summer Goods and Domestics at lowest prices of all kinds.

Hat Shapes 25c goods worth up to $1.35.
Children's Rompers 50 cents, good quality.
Spider Floral Silks 50 cents yard, choice styles.
Gloves and Ribbons, all styles and prices.
White Dresses, Ladies, full line, $5.00 to $18.00.
Tailored Suits at Big Reductions.
White Dress Goods, all kinds, 10c and upwards.
Hosiery and Underwear, big lines, lowest prices.

THE CLARK STORE.

Alexander Brothers & Co.,
—DEALERS IN—
Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confectionery and Nuts.

Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.
PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
JUPITER, KING OSCAR, WRITTEN GUARANTEE, COLUMBIAN, ETC.
Also F. F. Adams & Co's FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO.
ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Draperies, Oil Cloth and Window Curtains

You Will Find a Nice Line at

W. H. BROWER'S

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A GREAT OFFER

For You Only

Read this announcement. It is your opportunity. If you don't read it you will miss your chance. The greatest magazines in this country have combined to be offered together at a greatly reduced rate. Never before was such an offer given to the public, and it is safe to say never will be made again. This year several magazines have increased their subscription price, which shows how much greater this offer really is. The only reason we are making it to the people of this vicinity is because the magazine finds they have not as many subscribers as they desire in this particular locality. But only a limited number will be sold at this price, therefore we advise every one to accept this offer without delay. When we have received a certain number we shall withdraw the offer.

Cosmopolitan per year $1.00
The Columbian per year $1.00
Total per year $2.00
Our Price $1.00

COSMOPOLITAN

No matter how many magazines you take, Cosmopolitan is the one you cannot afford to do without. One feature in each issue is always of such overwhelming importance and worldwide interest as to lead the magazine world for that month. "The best, no matter what it costs," seems to be the motto which has made Cosmopolitan resemble no other magazine but Cosmopolitan.

For 1907 the publishers of the Cosmopolitan announce contributions from such famous authors as G. Bernard Shaw, Jack London, W. W. Jacobs, Edwin Markham, Joseph Conrad, H. G. Wells, Anthony Hope, Alfred Henry Lewis, Booth Tarkington, David Graham Phillips, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, etc.

Fill out coupon—mail today with your remittance—and be sure of getting the greatest magazine combination that was ever offered—an opportunity of years and one it is safe to say will never be made again.

CUT OFF ON THIS LINE.

THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa. *Date*.....

Enclosed please find $1.50 for which enter my name for one year's subscription to your paper and the Cosmopolitan.

Name,.....

Address.....

.....

LISBON IN BIG REVOLT

Troops Fire Volleys at Mobs--Barricades Erected--Women Aid.

BATTLE LASTS HOURS

Premier, on Journey to Oporto Hissed at Every Station—Fighting in Capital Renewed Last Night—Square Was Filled With Killed and Wounded.

Paris, June 25.—Despatches received from Lisbon by way of Madrid report that popular hatred of the system of government by decree instituted by Premier Franco after the the dismissal of Parliament in the beginning of May has had as its outcome barricade fighting between the troops and the people and much bloodshed.

The Premier made a journey from the capital to Oporto in the hope of obtaining a popular indorsement of his policy ,but at every station between Lisbon and Orporto crowds hissed and hooted the train as it passed.

Oporto received the Premier with crepe banners in place of flags, and yells and insults instead of the hoped-for cheers.

When the Dictator returned to Lisbon there was a furious riot outside the railway station. Cavalry charged the mob, and infantry fired into it. The officers, commands were drowned by cries of "Death to the Dictator!" Revolvers were freely used by the cromd and a young officer was mortally wounded.

A neighboring square was filled with killed and wounded, 1 adiotinu with killed and wounded, laid out in rows. The principal fighting occurred under the windows of the Hotel d' Angleterre. Several English visitors witnessed the struggle. It is said that the people fought for hours with sticks and stones against the soldiers, who fired volleys.

FIVE YEAR OLD GIRL MURDERED

Her Body With Bag Tied Over Head Is Dug Up on Farm.

West Chester, Pa., June 25.—Five-year-old Mary Robbins Newlin, of Landenberg, who was buried alive, according to the appearance of the body, which was dug up on the farm of her stepfather.

Irwin Lewis, the young stepfather, is held under the finding of the coroner's jury. He asserted his innocence, and when in collapse and raving repeated his protestations that he was not guilty.

It is the conclusion of the autopsy physicians that the fair-haired child, one of the prettiest the country round, was not dead when buried. From all appearances she was siezed from behind and gagged with a burlap bag. This tough cloth was then pulled over her head and down on her neck, where it was tied with a rough hemp string.

While the girl's screams were stifled she was thrown face down into a ready made grave. As she lay on her face the grave was filled and the earth packed down.

Beating on the bars of his cell with his hands and shrieking that he is innocent of the murder of Mary Robbins Newlin, his 5-year-old stepdaughter, Irwin Lewis, the young farmer locked up in the Chester County jail, is either a maniac or is shamming insanity. The keepers are unable to quiet him. He was assured that he would have a fair trial and that if innocent he would be a free man, but he paid no attention to their words. He paced up and down the cell like a caged beast, and his cries could be heard throughout the prison.

LONG'S NATURE STORY.

Tornado Demolishes Barn and Drops Ponies Miles Away Unhurt.

Topeka, Kan., June 27.—In the tornado that damaged Medicine Lodge, the barn of United States Senator Long was demolished and his two shetland ponies were carried away.

Later one was found two miles east feeding in a pasture. The other was found two miles north of the Long residence held fast in the forks of a cottonwood tree, thirty feet from the ground. Neither was injured.

DROWNS IN A BARREL.

Old Man Falls in Head First—Unable to Extract Himself.

Summit, N. J., June 26.—Frederick Erler of Bernardsville, who was known in that place by the sobriquet of "Dutch Fred," was found drowned in a spring near the residence of John B. Dunster, by whom he was employed as hostler. A large barrel had been sunk deep into the ground around the spring, and Erler fell headlong into it. When discovered only his legs were visible.

Stopping Sale Of Opium.

Shanghi, June 26.—Following on the recent imperial decree against the consumption, sale or cultivation of opium, the opium shops in the native quarter of the city were closed acording to notice.

Some trouble was expected and precautionary measures had been taken.

MIKADO CONFIDENT OF PEACE.

No Doubt Statesmen Will Settle International Questions.

Seoule, Corea, June 25.—In reply to your telegram, I wish to state I entertain no doubt that the able statesmen in power in both countries will find no difficulty in settling the matter satisfactorily.

I have too much confidence in the two peoples to think it possible that questions of this kind could ever endanger a friendship which has never been broken, and which is based on an ever-growing community of political and economic interests of the greatest importance.

MARQUIS ITO.

This message was in reply to a request for a statement on the Japanese situation.

Marquis Hirobumi Ito is one of the famous Elder Statesmen of Japan who are personal advisers of the Mikado. He was Prime Minister at the time of the brilliant victory over

MARQUIS HIROBUMI ITO.

China, the highest office a subject of the Mikado can hold. The ruler of Japan has showered favors in Ito, and the Marquis is to-day one of the most powerful factors in shaping the international policy of Japan.

All the world knows that Ito is one of the great influences at work in gaining a peaceful solution of the troubles arising over the San Francisco occurrences.

JURY TO TRY JUDGE LOVING.

Less Than Two Hours Required to Get the Twelve Men Needed.

Houston, Va., June 26.—The trial of Judge Loving for the murder of Theodore Estes began at a special session of the Halifax county Circuit Court, Judge W. R. Barksdale presiding. The morning was spent in selecting a jury, as had been anticipated, very little trouble was encountered. Sixty-four talesmen had been summoned. Less than two hours after the opening of court the jury had been chosen. It is composed almost entirely of farmers.

Elizabeth Loving, whom it is alleged Estes attacked, was in court with her mother.

The taking of testimony began upon the reconvening of the court, and this afternoon the Commonwealth rested its case, and Judge Loving, whose defence is the unwritten law, took the witness stand in his own behalf.

The plea of the defence was outlined as emotional insanity, made familiar in the Thaw case, and the "unwritten law." The relatives of young Estes, whose family connections extend to the Governor of this State, will exert every effort to clear the memory of the dead man from any stain of wrongdoing.

REORGANIZE JAMESTOWN FAIR.

Cut Expenses $46,000 a Month, Make James M. Barr Supreme.

Norfolk, June 27.—At a meeting of the directors of the Jamestown Exposition action was taken which completely revolutionizes the management of the exposition. The operating expenses of the exposition were also shaken down from $120,000 to $74,000 a month. All power formerly exercised by the board of governors will now be exercised by James M. Barr, who was recently made director-general. Mr. Barr's authority is absolute.

GRAVE A GOLD MINE.

Country Around Australian Cemetery Besieged by Prospectors.

Sydney., N. S. W., June 25.—While digging a grave in the cemetery at Ballarat the workmen struck a vein of gold bearing stone nineteen inches thick.

It is rported that experimental crushing yielded about six pennyweights to the hundredweight.

Prospectors are rushing out to peg the country around the cemetery many claims have been already pegged.

ONLY ONE SURVIVOR.

Tragic Story of the Santiago's Wreck Confirmed in London.

London, June 27.—The reported foundering of the steamship Santiago of the Pacific Steam Navigation Company's line in a squall off the coast of Chile, with the loss of eighty lives has been confirmed.

The owners received a message from Fourth Officer Galera, who apparently is the only survivor.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

Miss Elizabeth Loving testified at the trial of her father, declaring that Theodore Estes had drugged and attacked her.

In the Haywood case the defence began the introduction of testimony to impeach the story of Harry Orchard.

Prominent members of the Cuban liberal party fought a duel near Havana after a political quarrel.

Presidents of many important railways will confer with the heads of the United States Steel Corporation here on the problem of supplying better steel rails.

Guatemala and Honduras are massing troops on the frontier in hourly expectation of invasion by Nicargua's army.

Counsel for William D. Haywood, outlining the defence to the charge of murder, declared that it would be shown that Harry Orchard murdered Governor Steunenberg to satisfy a private grudge.

Governor Hughes of New York, sent an urgent message to the Legislature demanding the passage of a reapportionment bill at once.

Striking cigar makers in Havana refused the manufacturers' proposition to arbitrate their disputes.

Irwin R. Lewis was accused of murdering little Mary Robbins Newlin by the Coroner's jury in Avandale, Pa.

Japan's principal chambers of commerce will urge American cooperation in efforts to remove anti-Japanese sentiment now menacing trade relations between the United States and Japan.

President Roosevelt signed the Santo Domingo treaty providing for the collection of revenue and an issue of bonds to satisfy foreign creditors.

Mrs. Russel Sage donated a fund of $300,000 to establish an institute of pathology in connection with the New York City Hospital.

A New Jersey promoter brought suit for damages against E. H. Harriman and others, alleging trickery in preventing construction of a proposed Oregon railroad.

Lieutenant William F. Peabody was dismissed from the New York Police Department after being convicted of giving false testimony in the Howard Gould separation case.

United States Senator Knox delivered an address on the federal power to regulate commerce before the graduating class of the Yale Law School.

About forty witnesses will be called in defence of William D. Haywood on trial for the murder of Governor Steunenberg in Boise, Idaho.

Effective work in suppressing malaria by preventing mosquito breeding has been done by the Health Department of the Panama Canal Commission.

Washington officials beleive "jingo" efforts to use anti-American sentiment against the present Ministry in Japan have been unsuccessful.

Tokio correspondence declared that Viscount Havashi had refused discussion of a new immigration treaty with the United States.

Leaders in N. Y. State Senate expected to force the Assembly into a new caucus on the reapportionment question.

Baccalaureate sermons were delivered in many New England colleges.

Expert testimony was given before the Capitol Investigating Commission in Harrisburg, Pa., that the State paid many times its value for the metallic furniture in the Capitol.

Two military prisoners made an escape from Castle Williams, Governor's Island, with the aid of friends outside the prison.

Dr. Samuel S. Guy of New York, was convicted of manslaughter in the first degree on the charge of the murder of his wife.

Colonel W. A. Stokes, of the Twenty-third Regiment, N. G. N. Y., brought suit for the annulment of his marriage, charging that Mrs. Stokes had a husband at the time of the ceremony.

Thomas. W. Lawson, returning from Europe, declared the eyes of the world are on Mr. Roosevelt and that he is sure to succeed himself.

In the federal inquiry into the Tobacco Trust's business methods there was found a basis for a possible attack on the United Cigar Stores coupon system.

Defence of the Pacific by additions to the battle ship fleet was discussed by the joint general boards of the navy and army.

Judge Goddard, of Colorado Supreme Court, at Haywood trial identified a bomb placed in his yard by Orchard.

Robbery, it was declared, was the motive for the murder of Julius T. Rosenheimer, who was killed while walking with hs wife in the garden of his home in Pelham, N. Y.

Louis C. Van Riper declared in the cotton "leak" case in Washington he never made an agreement directly with Edwin S. Holmes, Jr., to share profits of his deals.

John Winslow, Ketcham, a former Vermont bank teller and legislator, released from a term in prison for alleged embezzlement, declared his intention of going on the stage to prove his innocence.

Kentucky's State Republican Convention indorsed the national administration and declared for a Presidential candidate who would carry out Mr. Roosevelt's policies.

Judge Grosscup, of Chicago, told Brown University students that the welfare of the people is so wrapped up in corporations that the only thing to do is to see that they are conducted honestly.

The Cosmopolitan Shipping Company, of Philadelphia, complained to the Interstate Commerce Commission that the Hamburg-American Packet Company was a monopoly in restraint of trade.

Judge Rosalsky of New York dismissed indictments against Marc Klaw and Abraham L. Erlanger for conspiracy, holding that theatrical amusement purveying is not trade or commerce.

Jewelry worth $7,000 stolen from wealthy residents of New York was recovered when two men were arrested after a battle with a Sheriff's posse on the Merrick road on Long Island.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A despatch from Narbonne tells of the return of M. Marcellin Albert, leader of the wine growers, and the situation in the South of France.

A cable from Royan tells how the American squadron's mission to honor President Falleres has been spoiled by the Midi riots.

Favorable progress is being made on the Franco-American commercial treaty, according to a cable from Paris.

In the British House of Commons Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman introduced a resolution dealing with the obstructive tactics of the House of Lords.

Uneasiness is felt by South American delegates to the Hague conference lest the Drago doctrine be seriously modified.

It is estimated, in a despatch from London, that Americans spent more than $400,000 during Ascot week and that more than $30,000,000 in credits will go to England from America this year.

American boxing bids fair to displace savate in France, says a despatch.

Prices in Paris are going up, owing to the influx of American tourists.

Mr. Perry Belmont, in an interview cabled from Paris, attacks President Roosevelt as a politician seeking temporary popularity.

Mr. E. Clarence Jones, in an interview cabled from London, suggests that President Roosevelt after his retirement head an organization to fight graft.

Doubt as to the fate of the military aeronauts who ascended from Aldershot on May 28 has been set at rest by the finding of Lieutenant Caulfield's body at sea.

Marcelin Albert, leader of the disturbing element in the South of France and for whom the French police have been vainly searching, visited the Premier, M. Clemenceau, and pleaded the cause of those now under arrest.

In an interesting interview, cabled from London, Mr. Henniker Heaton gives his argumets in favor of universal penny postage.

General Horace Porter surprised the Peace Conference at The Hague by giving notice that the United States reserved the right to present the question of the limitation of armaments.

M. Marcelin Albert, head of the wine growers' movement in the South of France and M. Ferroul, former Mayor of Narbonne, have been arrested.

There was a sharp battle with 500 mutineers at Kiev. Six were slain, about sixty wounded and 250 captured.

SPORTING NEWS.

Karl Behr defeated Navrogordato, of Oxford, in the first round for the British lawn tennis championship by a score of 6—2, 6—8, 6—4, 6—4. Beals Wright was beaten by A. F. Wilding, of New Zealand, by 6—2, 8—6, 7—5.

Yale's 'varsity eight in a two mile burst with the freshmen finished three lengths to the good on the Thames at New London.

James R. Keene's Pan won the Tidal, the Oneck Stables' Cohort the Foam and Thomas Hitchcock, Jr.'s, Hylas the Beacon Steeplechase.

The New York Driving Club opened the harness racing season at the Empire track with a trotting meeting for amateurs at which the races were decided.

The Marblehead and the Chewink VIII, were the winners in the second trial races fo the selection of American Sonder class boats to compete abroad.

FUNSTON REFUSES TROOPS.

Doesn't Want Them Jeered by San Francisco's "Unwhipped Mob."

San Francisco, June 25.—Gen. Funston, commanding the Department of California, has informed the celebration committee for July 4 that he is opposed to having his troops parade. The committee had asked

GENERAL FUNSTON.

that he assign several battalions to the procession. Gen. Funston addressed a letter to Chairman O'Neil, in which he said some of his troops were to depart for the South on July 5 and he was loath he added, to have his men parade through the streets of San Francisco to be "laughed at, jeered at and insulted by an unwhipped mob."

GOV. VARDMAN GETS RELIGION.

Executive Promises at the Altar to Mend His Ways.

Jackson, Miss., June 27.—Gov. Vardaman has joined the long list of recruits credited to the zealous work of the Rev. Mr. Catts, the revivalist, who has been winning scores of converts daily and nightly.

The Governor has attended the meetings regularly and when the evangelist made a powerful plea to those who were in error and who saw come forward and signify their intentions to do better, Gov. Vardaman, to the surprise of the several thousand spectators, arose and strode resolutely to front of the altar.

In a clear, distinct and penitent voice he said: "I surrender all to the cause of Christ."

There were many cries of "Amen," "Thank God," and shouts of "Hallelujah."

About thirty persons followed the example of the Governor and pledged themselves to lead better lives.

TAFT NOT RETIRING YET.

Laughs at a Report That He Will Quit Presidential Race.

Leavenworth, Kan., June 25.—When Secretary Taft arrived here his attention was called to a story printed in the Kansas City papers quoting a Washington paper to the effect that the Secretary may retire from the Presidential race, it being intimated that he is not physically equipped for a long campaign. The story bore this caption:

"Taft not to run?"

He dismissed the matter by saying laughingly:

"You just let that question mark stand."

The Secretary looked to be in perfect health and said that he never felt better in his life.

Governor Hughes signed the Prentice bill providing for a recount of ballots cast in New York's Mayoralty election.

Now A Chinese Citizen.

San Francisco, Cal., June 25.—Mrs. Wong Sun Yue, sister of Mrs. Howard Gould, is no longer an American citizen. She voluntarily relinquished her rights as a native born Californian to become as much as possible an all round Chinese, like her husband. She will be subject to the laws of China when she chooses to visit that country, and when she comes home she will be subjected to the regulations of the immigration and restriction laws.

ROOSEVELT TO PRESIDE.

Accepts Headship of Committee to Erect a Monument to Calvin.

Geneva, June 27.—The President has written to Dr. Jackson, secretary of the American committee which is erecting a monument to Calvin here, accepted the presidency of the committee with pleasure.

Spent Millions Blindly.

Philadelphia, June 27.—William P. Snyder, former Auditor General of Pennsylvania, admitted that he had spent millions blindly in the erection of the capitol. He accused Architect Huston of deliberately misleading him.

Caracas Cabinet Resigns.

Caracas, June 27.—The Cabinet has resigned owing to the action of Congress in condemning the policy of the Minister of Finance. The heads of the departments are transacting the government business.

Vacationist Killed by Train.

Stroudsburg, June 27.—George Bowman of New York City, stopping for the Summer at Naomi Pines, was killed while crossing the Erie tracks.

N. Y. MARKET LETTER

(From our Special Correspondent.)

WHEAT.—The wheat market developed a downward tendency during the early dealings, but prices rallied later and closed steady. There was pressure from bearish pit traders and also scattered selling by commission houses during the whole week. During the late trading the market held steady, owing partly to further reports of export buying, and partly to the unfavorable Modern Miller report. The session ended with prices ½c. lower to ⅛c higher.

CORN.—There was little activity displayed in the corn market, although the undertone was slightly easier. Sentiment was influenced by lower Liverpool cables, rather liberal receipts and favorable weather conditions. Rumors of export buying closed the market steady with prices quotably unchanged.

BUTTER.—The market is drifting along in about the same manner as has been noted since the week opened. There is general dissatisfaction ovr the question of prices, and the few operators that have taken hold for storage purposes are merely taking moderate quantities and reject everything offered under fancy. Stock of the latter description is very firm, but under grades are dull and weak. The official prices were not revised, as members of the committee feel that the high prices ruling in the Western markets offer no encouragement for a local break. Owing to the lateness of theseason, some butter is arriving, showing that the feed of the cows is hay and grass. From some sections, however, the butter is full grass flavor and suitable for either high-class consumption, or storage purposes. The position of renovated, factory and packing stock was unchanged.

CHEESE.—Trading for the week was practically over Friday, and the price committee, after a short session, made no changes in late prices. The receipts last week were not large, considering the season. This has resulted from keen competition at primary points, and considerable speculative buying for western interests. Very high prices have ruled in Cuba and Cattaragus, and have completely shattered all hopes of getting values on a lower basis.

WHEAT
July..99¾ Sept....100½ Dec...1.02¾

CORN
July....61¾ Sept.....62 Dec.....51¼

OATS.—Mixed, @ 51½a52½c.

MILK
Exchange price for standard quality is 2½c. per quart.

BUTTER
CREAMERY.—Western, extras 23½a.24
Firsts 22a23c. State dairy, finest a23

CHEESE
State, full cream..a11½ Small..11¼

EGGS
Jersey—Fancy..18a19 State—Good to choice..16a17 Western—Firsts..—a15

BEEVES.—City dres'd. 8a9½c.

CALVES.—City dres'd. 10a13¼c. Country dressed per lb. 8a12c.

SHEEP.—Per 100 lb. $5.00a6.00.

HOGS.—Live per 100 lb. $6.75a6.80

Country dressed per lb. 8¾a9¾c.

HAY.—Prime, 100 lbs., $1.25.

STRAW.—Long rye, 65a70c.

LIVE POULTRY
FOWLS.—Per lb. a13.
CHICKENS.—Spring, per lb., a18a.
DUCKS.—Per lb. a12c.
GEESE.—Per lb. a10.

DRESSED POULTRY
TURKEYS.—Per lb. 14c.
FOWLS.—Per lb. 12a13c.

VEGETABLES
POTATOES.—Old bbl., a$1.75.
CUCUMBERS.—Basket, $1.00a2.50.
ONIONS.—White, per bbl. $2.25a2.75.
LETTUCE.—Basket, .75ca$1.50.
SPINACH.—Barrel, .75ca$1.00.
BEETS.— per 100 bunches. $3.00a5.00.
STRAWBERRIES.— 5a14c.

FINANCIAL.

Stocks were dull and inactive, but closed strong.

Copper selling agents talked of their plans for selling the metal when an accumulation comes on the market in July.

Figures of the bank statement showed an increase of $1,111,975 in surplus revenue, a decrease of $5,403,100 in loans and a decrease in deposits of $7,290,309.

BASEBALL LEAGUE SUMMARIES.

Standing of the Clubs.

National.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Chacago	45	13	.789
New York	34	21	.618
Philadelphia	33	24	.579
Pittsburg	30	25	.545
Cincinnati	26	34	.433
Boston	24	32	.429
Brooklyn	23	36	.390
St. Louis	15	46	.246

American.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Chacago	36	20	.643
Cleveland	36	22	.621
Detroit	30	23	.566
Philadelphia	34	24	.586
New York	26	28	.481
St. Louis	24	33	.421
Boston	19	38	.333
Washington	17	36	.321

Harvard's 'varsity eight in a trial rowed the full Thames course at New London in 21 minutes 23 seconds.

WOMEN WHO SLOUCH

ADDS TEN YEARS TO HER GENERAL APPEARANCE.

Exercises to Regulate the Circulation Will Do Much to Overcome the Habit—Study the Hindoo Proverb.

Many women (yes, and men, too) look from five to ten years older than they really are because of the slouching habit. We see them daily on the street, in the cars, in offices, in our homes. They walk with heads drooping, eyes downcast, feet dragging and with a general air of listlessness. If they are indoors they loll upon sofas and chairs, when reading or conversing, no matter who is present, and give the general impression of laziness.

But this is not all. They sit at the table, both at home and in public places, with elbows on the table and legs crossed under the table, with head thrust forward, chest cramped in and shoulders rounded. Yes, they even do worse than this. They assume positions in conversing which would bring the blush of shame to our grandmothers and great-grandmothers, stately dames that they were, and which call forth many unpleasant remarks from the opposite sex.

Who of us has not seen a group of girls well gowned—yes, faultlessly so—pretty girls, too, conversing on interesting topics music, art, literature, and sitting in such awkward positions that they appear anything but refined. Fancy talking about Chopin, Michael Angelo and Dante in a public place and "slouching" like the two girls shown in the illustration! Even frivolous conversation would deserve more dignified positions—at least in public—and we should bear this in mind, "lest we forget."

Frenchwomen eschew the rocking chair because they will not permit themelves to fall into careless habits; and well they may safeguard themselves, for it is a well-known fact that it is their carriage, and not their figure, upon which they build. Straight backs, well-poised bodies and heads well up count for more than avoirdupois not properly distributed or badly carried.

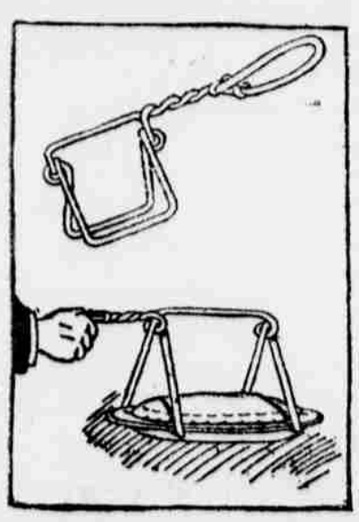
Fixing the hair, fussing with one's collar and becoming absorbed in one's self in public places are not permissible. Well-bred folk groom themselves in the boudoir, and when the doors close behind them they become unconscious of their personal appearance—all of which points to the moral that self-consciousness will detract from anyone's poise. Veils should be securely fastened to the hat before starting out and all the details of the toilet carefully attended to in order to avoid the "slouching" habit.

Plenty of sleep, a walk morning and evening (bearing in mind the right way to walk), exercises that will regulate the sluggish circulation and an occasional breathing spell will do much toward overcoming the slouching habit.

There is a Hindoo proverb to the effect, "I will be what I will be," and this should be the motto of every girl who aspires to be free from the habit under discussion. Hang the motto beside your dressing table, "burn it" in your brain, as scientific men say; carry it in your thoughts until each brain cell becomes impregnated with the idea of overcoming.—Pittsburg Gazette.

No More Burnt Fingers.

In comparison to a few pies the house-wife cooks, imagine the number handled daily in large bakeries. In these establishments the bakers are continually burning fingers and hands, and such devices as the pie-lifter shown here are absolute necessities. It is made of wire, bent to form a grip for the hand, and two rectangular sections for engaging the edges of the pie plate. One of these sections is stationary and one is pivoted, so that a pie plate of any



FOR LIFTING HOT PLATES.

size can be lifted. The method of application is obvious. The lifters are placed under the edges of the hot pie plate, the weight of the pie and plate tending to draw the lifters together and preventing the pie from slipping. It would be difficult to imagine a better method of expediciously lifting either pie or cake plates.

The weight of a soul having been determined, it is up to some scientist to put the still small voice on the graphophone records.

Nursing Mothers and Over-burdened Women

In all stations of life, whose vigor and vitality may have been undermined and broken-down by over-work, exacting social duties, the too frequent bearing of children, or other causes, will find in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription the most potent, invigorating restorative strength-giver ever devised for their special benefit. Nursing mothers will find it especially valuable in sustaining their strength and promoting an abundant nourishment for the child. Expectant mothers too will find it a priceless boon to prepare the system for baby's coming and rendering the ordeal comparatively painless. It can do no harm in any state, or condition of the female system.

Delicate, nervous, weak women, who suffer from frequent headaches, backache, dragging-down distress low down in the abdomen, or from painful or irregular monthly periods, gnawing or distressed sensation in stomach, dizzy or faint spells, see imaginary specks or spots floating before eyes, have disagreeable, pelvic catarrhal drain, prolapsus, anteversion or retro-version or other displacements of womanly organs from weakness of parts will, whether they experience many or only a few of the above symptoms, find relief and a permanent cure by using faithfully and fairly persistently Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

This world-famed specific for woman's weaknesses and peculiar ailments is a pure glyceric extract of the choicest native, medicinal roots without a drop of alcohol in its make-up. All its ingredients printed in plain English on its bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. Dr. Pierce thus invites the fullest investigation of his formula knowing that it will be found to contain only the best agents known to the most advanced medical science of all the different schools of practice for the cure of woman's peculiar weaknesses and ailments.

If you want to know more about the composition and professional endorsement of the "Favorite Prescription," send postal card request to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for his *free* booklet treating of same.

You can't afford to accept as a substitute for this remedy *of known composition* a secret nostrum *of unknown composition*. Don't do it.

EXPLAINING MEMNON'S MUSIC.

Enigma of the Centuries Solved by Modern Research.

Another of the enigmas of centuries has been solved. Shoals of writers, ancient and modern—Strabo, Pausanias, Juvenal and Tacitus among the former—have puzzled themselves and their public by speculation as to the explanation of the harmonious sounds given off under the first rays of the morning sun by the statue of Memnon at Thebes, on the left bank of the Nile, and as to the reasons why those sounds ceased. The facts are, says the London Globe, that after being cracked in its upper part the statue became sonorous, and that this quality ceased on the fissures being closed. For two centuries Greeks and Romans journeyed to see the wonder of the musical statue and to honor Memnon. Some of the ancients said that the fissures in the granite were caused by an earthquake. Modern research saddles Cambyses or Ptolemy Lathurus with the vandalism, which was produced by working grooves into the junction of the rents, and then producing enlarged cracks with wooden wedges drenched with water. It was the vibratory motion set up by the early sun expelling the moistures of the night that caused the musical sounds. Severus, by closing the fissures to "restore" the statue, as part of his policy of slitting the pagan gods against the increase of Christianity, ended the "music."

Belgium's Sugar School.

Among the special professional schools that are offered in different parts of the old world, none is more unique than the "sugar school" recently opened at St. Ghislain, Belgium. The course, which covers two years, leads to a diploma, which will insure the holder a lucrative position with any of the large sugar manufacturers on the continent.

The student body is of course not very large, owing to the novelty of the course, but the curriculum is exceptionally comprehensive, including instruction in the fundamental underlying studies such as physics and general chemistry in addition to such direct studies as sugar technology, sugar chemistry, sugar legislation, industrial factories, sugar accounts, cane and sugar raising, etc.

Schools of this character are much needed in the industrial world, being anologous to the technical schools which have been found so extremely valuable.

Many Kinds of Gun Barrels.

The manufacture of barrels is the most interesting and important part of the arms industry, and it is principally on the barrel that the value of the finished gun depends. Until comparatively recent times the better quality of barrels made in Belgium were manufactured from Damascus steel, but of late years many barrels have been made, both by machinery and hand, of a special steel, which is now recognized as presenting great power of resistance.

Huge Sum for Rats.

Owing to the danger of plague infection being spread by rats, the local authorities in most parts of Japan have, for some time past, been in the habit of paying three cents for every dead rat brought in. Enormous sums have thus been paid out, the town council of Osaka, the Manchester of Japan, buying 1,993,886 rats in seventeen months.

Newspaper for Bamboo Growers.

Le Bambou is the name of a new French publication devoted entirely to the study, culture and uses of bamboo. It is to be published monthly at Mons, Belgium. In the East, where the bamboo is native, it is used for a multiplicity of purposes so varied that the visiting foreigner wonders how the country could exist without it.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

PHILADELPHIA'S GREAT WEEK.

July 15 to 20, when the Elks hold their Annual Reunion in Philadelphia, will be a glorious week in the Quaker City. Not for years have such elaborate preparations been made to honor the City's guests as those which are now being made to welcome members of the Order, and to entertain the thousands who are expected to visit the city during the week.

A grand Court of Honor in Broad Street, the most magnificent structure of the kind ever erected in America, and costing $50,000, will be a great feature of the occasion. Every night during the week this Court of Honor, together with the City Hall, will be illuminated by myriads of electric lights of various colors.

On Wednesday, July 17, a massed band parade of over 2000 musicians will take place.

On Thursday, July 18, the Grand Parade of all visiting Elks will occur. Over 15,000 men from all sections of the country will participate. Each lodge will have its own band and will wear a distinct uniform. Each uniform will typify the state or city represented by the lodge. Many of the uniforms will be historical and picturesque.

On Saturday, July 20, there will be a grand excursion to the seashore. Atlantic City, Cape May, Wildwood, Ocean City, Asbury Park, and other popular resorts are within easy reach of Philadelphia by the fast express trains of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Excursion tickets to Philadelphia will be sold July 13 to 17, inclusive, at reduced rates from stations over 100 miles from Philadelphia.

For exact fares and conditions of tickets, consult nearest Pennsylvania Railroad Ticket Agent.

6-27 7-11-2t.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

LOW-RATE NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSIONS.

"It soothes, while it awes the mind," is the phrase used by the great American author, Nathaniel Hawthorne, in writing of Niagara Falls, and its many phases of beauty and grandeur.

To those who have never viewed this magnificent spectacle, it will prove an enthralling revelation of majesty, beauty, and power that must remain forever a delightful memory.

Those who have once visited Niagara Falls and wandered amid its historic environments or viewed its varied scenes of wonder, delight to return to gather new impressions of the falling waters, the dashing rapids, and the great gorge.

This year the Pennsylvania Railroad will run a series of attractive personally-conducted excursions to Niagara Falls on July 3 and 24, August 7 and 21, September 11 and 25, and October 9.

Tickets will be sold at very low rates for the round trip and will be valid for return passage within ten days.

A special train in charge of an experienced tourist agent, will be run on each date from Washington, via Harrisburg, Williamsport, and Emporium Junction, carrying parlor cars, dining car, and high-grade coaches.

Tickets will be good going on the special train and to return on any regular train within the time limit, permitting excursionists to stop off at Buffalo and view the beautiful metropolis of Lake Erie.

Full detailed information of this attractive series of summer outings may be had on application to Ticket Agents.

6-20-27-2t.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

SUMMER DAYS BY THE SEA.

It is now time to think about the summer vacation.

If you cannot spare more than a few days away from duty, the popular five-day and ten-day seashore excursions of the Pennsylvania Railroad present splendid opportunities for rest and recreation at a minimum cost.

This season excursions will be run on the following dates:

Thursdays, July 11 and 25 and August 8 and 22. Tickets good for ten days.

Sundays, July 14 and 28 and August 11 and 25. Tickets good for five days.

Tickets will be sold to Atlantic City, Cape May, Anglesea, Wildwood, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, and Avalon.

The round-trip rate to either of these resorts from East Bloomsburg will be $4.60 via the Delaware River Bridge Route, and $4.50 via Market Street Wharf.

Full details concerning these excursions, the leaving time of trains and stop-over privileges, will be announced later, or may be obtained upon application to Ticket Agents.

6-27-1t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In Re Estate of George W. Supplee, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, deceased.

The undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to pass upon exceptions filed to the supplemental account of H. G. Supplee, surviving executor of the estate of George W. Supplee, deceased, to ascertain the fund in the hands of said Executor for distribution, and to make distribution thereof to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the Ent Building in the Town of Bloomsburg, aforesaid, on Friday, the 19th day of July, 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all parties interested may appear and present their claims or be forever after debarred from coming in upon said fund.

H. MONT. SMITH,
Auditor.

6-26-ta.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In re Estate of William Shafer, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, in the County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, Deceased.

The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, to distribute the funds in the hands of H. H. Grotz and W. F. Shaffer, Executors of the estate of said William Shaffer, deceased, as appears on their first and final account filed in the Orphans' Court of said County, to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg aforesaid, on Tuesday, the 9th day of July, 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, when and where all parties interested are requested to present their claims before the undersigned, or be forever after debarred from coming in upon the said fund.

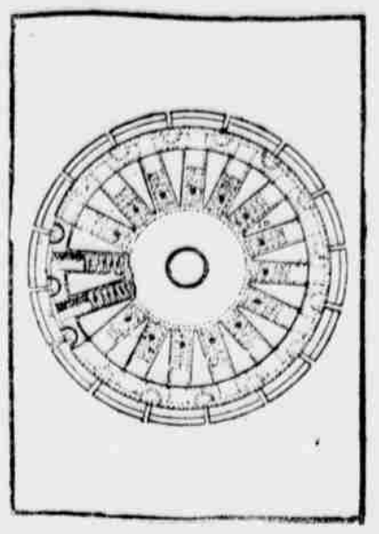
CLINTON HERRING,
Auditor.

6-13-4t.

LATEST AUTOMOBILE WHEEL.

Springs in Tubular Spokes a Substitute for Pneumatic Tires.

The greatest relative expense in connection with automobiles is not the initial cost of the car, but the replacing and repairs to tires. When the great weight of automobiles is taken into consideration—an average of over a ton—and the rough roads over which they travel it is not surprising that new tires are constantly needed. A Cleveland man advocates dispensing with pneumatic tires entirely. As a substitute he employs a wheel, peculiar in construction. In this wheel, an illustration of which is here shown, the spokes are hollow, being made of tubes. Encased within each tubular spoke is a strong spring, which abuts



against a projection on the tire, which is, presumably, of solid rubber. Another innovation is the division of the tire into segments. Apparently, the idea of the inventor is that the springs in the spokes will take up the jolts and jars of the car. One strong factor in favor of such a wheel would be the absence of punctured tires, which often are the cause of bad accidents. In this respect safety is assured.

Eggs of Various Fowls.

The white of an egg is nearly seven-eighths water, the balance being pure albumen. The yolk is slightly less than one-half water. These figures apply approximately to the eggs of turkeys, hens, geese, ducks and guinea-fowls.

To show how nearly alike the eggs of various domestic fowls are in respect to composition, the following figures are given by the Department of Agriculture:

Hen's egg—50 per cent. water, 16 per cent. "protein," 33 per cent. fat.

Duck's egg—46 per cent. water, 17 per cent. "protein," 36 per cent. fat.

Goose egg—44 per cent. water, 19 per cent. "protein," 36 per cent. fat.

Turkey egg—48 per cent. water, 18 per cent. "protein," 33 per cent. fat.

It should be explained that "protein" is the stuff that goes to make muscle and blood. Fat, of course, is fuel for running the body-machine. Thus it will be seen that eggs, though half, or nearly half, water, are extremely nutritious, containing all the elements required for the building and support of the human body. But the old saying that an egg contains as much nutriment as a pound of beefsteak is far from correct. It would be nearer the fact to estimate a pound of eggs as equal to a pound of lean beefsteak in nourishing power.

Remarkable Wreck Raising.

A somewhat unusual operation in wreck raising has been carried out in Kiel Harbor. Some time since the torpedo boat "S 126" sank in port after collision with another war vessel, and notwithstanding the known condition of the sunken boat the authorities decided to have it brought to the surface. For this purpose two floating cranes of formidable dimensions were utilized, and the broken and twisted hull was fished up from the depths and swung through the air like a bale of merchandise to a lighter, on which it was laid. The boat was of steel, and it is proposed seriously to essay to turn the apparently inextricable mass to some use.

Huge Blasting Operation.

Blasting operations on a large scale recently took place at Cilgwyn quarry, near Carnarvon, one huge rock of 100,000 tons of granite being displaced. The rock seemed to be lifted bodily, falling in countless pieces into the pit below, the roar of the explosion being heard for miles.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elizabeth Johnston, late of the Town of Jerseytown, Columbia County, Pa., Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Elizabeth Johnston, late of the Town of Jerseytown, deceased, have been granted to William C. Johnston, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

WM. C. JOHNSTON,
Executor.

6-13-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Jacob E. Welliver, late of the Borough of Berwick, Pa.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Jacob E. Welliver, late of the Borough of Berwick, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

WILLIAM KREAMER,
Administrator,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. F. Zarr,
Attorney.

Professional Cards.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building 2nd Floor
Bloomsburg, Pa.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Ent Building, Coust House Square.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

RALPH. R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office Over First National Bank.
Bloomsburg, Pa,

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wirt's Building.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Corner of 3rd and Main Sts.
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Crangeville Wednesday each week

A. L. FRITZ.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND
EAL ESTATE AGENT
Office in Townsend's Building
Bloomsburg, Pa,

N U. FUNK
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Ent's Building, Court House Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

SADE T. VANNATTA
(Successor to C. F. Knapp)
GENERAL INSURACE
Office 238 Iron St., Bloomsburg, Pa
Oct. 31, 1901. tf*

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Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all loses promptly adjusted and paid at their office.

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All work warranted as represented
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted
Open all hours during the day

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Crown and bridge work a specialty
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Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
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Hours 10 to 8 Telephone

J. S. JOHN M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St.
7-30-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA

EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office :—Ent building, 11-16-99

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' uilding over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg.
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
I. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms hot and cold water and all modern conveniences.

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street
Large and convenient sample rooms, b rooms, hot and cold water, and modern co veniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First-class livery attached.

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPHO
EYES TESTED, GLASSES FITTED.
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGE
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 5.30 to 8 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
Represents twelve of the strongest Compa in the world, among which are:

	Cash Capital.	Total Assets	S
Franklin of Phila	$400,000	$3,198,529	$7
Penn'a Phila.	400,000	3,825,180	
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	2,628,915	
Westchester, N. Y.	500,000	1,753,809	
N. America, Phila.	3,000,00	9,490,979	

Office Clark Building, 3rd Floor

THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1907

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Special Correspondence.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 24, 1907.

Senator Meek's "Democratic Watchman," of Bellefonte, opens up a vast and fertile field for mental speculation in an editorial which might be appropriately entitled "The Restoration of the Machine." It refers to the return to political activity of that element in the life of "corrupt and contented" Philadelphia which for years had been looting the public in every conceivable way. It recalls the scamper of the banditti when, two years ago, an attempt to steal the municipal gas works stirred popular indignation "from center to circumference." Harry Rambley, H. J. Trainer, I. W. Durham, J. P. McNichol, J. H. Klemmer, James L. Miles, Dave Lane and other notorious boodlers and pirates resigned from the City Committee under the pretense of withdrawing from party management in the interest of political morality.

The alert and reminiscent "Watchman" recalls the just exultation of the City Party folk and other reformers over the triumph of civic righteousness and their refusal to be fooled at that time by the palpable false pretense of the machine managers. They continued their campaign for official integrity and political regeneration and through the election of William H. Berry and their local candidates, achieved "a most famous victory." But that accomplished they lost interest and energy, which was precisely what the self-expatriated crooks expected, and incidentally forfeited every advantage which had been gained. At the election of last fall the Republican ticket had a substantial majority and by the vote for mayor in February the machine restoration was made complete. Ashbridge was no more the agent of the gang than Reyburn.

BUSINESS AT THE OLD STAND.

It is small wonder in view of these facts that the machine managers have emerged from their temporary seclusion and "resumed business at the old stand." Ransley is again in his place as a member of the City Committee, and Trainer and Durham and McNichol and Klemmer and Martin and Lane and Seeds and the Vares and Berkeloach and Costello are answering to the roll call precisely as they did before the little flare up. It is no longer necessary to operate through agents. The worst of them can now come out in the open and hold corrupt commerce with the Captains of Industry and the Merchant Princes who trade principles and sacrifice honor for business favors and tax exemptions.

This is indeed an interesting but humiliating subject for contemplation. The men of wealth and social standing, the leaders in the professional, commercial and industrial life of the metropolis of the commonwealth, are in league with the boodlers, the ballot box stuffers, the promoters of vice and protectors of crime, to loot the city in order that the spoils of the predatory operations may be divided among them. Can men of such sordid commercialism have come from honest women or are they all alike "corrupt and contented?" This is a question which naturally arises in the thoughtful mind, the answer to which is left to conjecture. No stream is purer or fouler than its source.

The selection of "Dave" Lane as the official head of this restored machine is both logical and appropriate. His imprecation on civic righteousness is fulfilled. Office holders will again be notified that they must stuff the ballot boxes in order to hold their jobs, and the white slave traffic, the brothels and the speakeasies will find shelter within the shadow of the city hall. It is a burning shame that such things can be, but they are. The business and professional men of the city are responsible, moreover. Unless the conscience of the country districts is aroused to full measure of resentment this infamous criminal conspiracy will work its purpose.

AIM OF THE INIQUITOUS COMBINE.

The present aim of this iniquitous combination is the election of John O. Sheatz to the office of State Treasurer. Having served the machine as Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations it is confidently believed that he will use the State Treasury to promote the re-election of Boise Penrose as Senator in Congress. They have neither respect nor affection for Sheatz. A man who accepts a bribe is always despised by the person who paid the money and one who betrays faith is invariably held under suspicion. While Sheatz professed to be independent the machine managers paid no attention to him. But when conditions arose that made his reform reputation a valuable machine asset, they opened up negotiations with him and he promptly sold his honor for the Chairmanship of the Committee on Appropriations. That he prostituted the powers of that office is known to every intelligent citizen.

With his assent if not at his instance $92,000,000 were appropriated during the recent session of the Legislature while the revenues for the period covered by the appropriations are known to be less than $50,000,000. In other words Mr. Sheatz promised to pay out of the State Treasury sufficient money to bribe the Republican State convention to nominate him for State Treasurer when he knew that it would be impossible to meet the obligations. Whatever any Republican Representative or Senator in the Legislature asked for, Sheatz allowed. This made him appear "a good fellow" and the Senators and Representatives in the Legislature who had received his favors formed a lobby which even Penrose couldn't resist, so he entered into the deal. It was a corrupt bargain among venal men for a criminal purpose.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR PENSION VETO.

If Sheatz had been fit for the office which he purchased at the price of honor and manhood, he would not put upon the Governor the burden of paring the appropriations to the measure of the revenues. According to the public prints the veterans of the Civil War and their friends are censuring Governor Stuart for vetoing the pension bill. It is unjust to put the blame upon him. He probably would have been glad to have contributed to that act of justice to the heroes of the greatest war of modern times. But as Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations Representative Sheatz had so burdened the resources of the State that the Governor had no alternative.

It is Sheatz, therefore, rather than the Governor who is responsible for that veto. The Governor felt that he was under moral obligations to carry out the pledges of the platform upon which he ran in so far as that was possible. Very few of the pledges were brought up to him and among those which were was liberal appropriations to the public charities No mention was made of the pension bill in the platform and the Governor felt that he could veto it without stultification. But the charity appropriations might have been made amply liberal and still allow the approval of the pension bill if the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee had been courageous and capable.

The Governor might have saved the soldiers' pension bill, however, notwithstanding the palpable incompetency of Chairman Sheatz and his misuse of the power of his office. The appropriations to Philadelphia institutions are absolutely profligate. It is not generally known but it is a fact, nevertheless, that almost every dollar of the expense of maintaining the charities, the indigent and the helpless of Philadelphia is drawn from the State Treasury. In every other county the almshouses and other institutions for the maintenance of the indigent are supported by local taxation. But in Philadelphia all such institutions, sectarian or otherwise, get State appropriations.

WHAT STUART MIGHT HAVE DONE.

Governor Stuart might have cut down the appropriations for these Philadelphia institutions sufficiently to admit of the approval of the Pension bill. Take the University of Pennsylvania, for example. There is no reason under the sun why it should receive a State appropriation. It is a private institution essentially and conducted exclusively for gain. The people of the State feel pride, no doubt, in its prosperity as well as in its reputation for excellence. But the Philadelphia Library and the Girard College in that city and the Carnegie Library and Institute in Pittsburg are quite as worthy of praise, yet nobody thinks of asking for appropriations for them.

Of course Governor Stuart followed precedent in approving the appropriations in question but he would much better obey the constitution than be a slave to precedent. The constitution forbids appropriations to sectarian institutions altogether and requires a two-thirds vote in each branch of the legislature for appropriations to other charitable objects while, as a matter of fact, not a single measure of that character received such a majority of Senators or Representatives, "present and voting." Possibly the Governor may not be obliged to veto a measure on that account but it is ample reason for veto if he were inclined to invoke it.

Nevertheless I am disposed to absolve the Governor from blame for vetoing the Pension bill. It is really the only appropriation other than those for the actually State institutions that has the sanction of the fundametal law. Section 18 of article 3 of the constitution declares that "no appropriation, except for pensions or gratuities for military services, shall be made for charitable, educational or benevolent purposes, to any person or community, nor to any denominational or sectarian institution, corporation or association." If that provision of the constitution had been obeyed there would have been plenty of money for the soldiers' pensions.

WORK OF THE PROBERS.

It is hardly worth while to discuss the work of the capitol probers at this time. The public hearings are finished but sufficient time to analyse the voluminous testimony has not intervened and the best estimate that could be made now would be guess work. It is practically certain, however, that criminal prosecutions will be instituted though it is not certain that they will be expedited. Upon this point what might be termed experts differ. Some imagine that an effort will be made to convict a "scape-goat" before the election so as to justify the claim that the Republican party proposes to effect real reforms, while others are of the opinion that the proceedings will be delayed until after the election so that in the event of the election of Sheatz "an end may be put to the talk of civic righteousness," to quote the language of Dave Lane.

G. H. D.

Catarrh

Is a constitutional disease originating in impure blood and requiring constitutional treatment acting through and purifying the blood for its radical and permanent cure. The greatest constitutional remedy is

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In usual liquid form or in chocolated tablets known as **Sarsatabs.** 100 doses $1.

Nasal and other local forms of catarrh are relieved by Catarrlets, which allay inflammation and deodorize discharge. 50c.

The Twins.

The Harmon twins looked so much alike as babies that their parents could scarcely tell them apart. As they grew older it became evident that to Grandmother Harmon at least the twins were a unit.

"You were asking me how much the twins weigh," said Grandmother Harmon to a neighbor. "When I went out that afternoon I put one of them on the scales at the grocery and found they weigh just twenty-six pounds."

"Do they always weigh exactly the same?" inquired the neighbor, and Grandmother Harmon looked quite impatient.

"The twins?" she said. "Of course; why not?"

The neighbor had no reason to give, but she rebelled a few days later when in answer to her inquiry Grandmother Harmon said:

"'Where are the twins?' Oh, they got a cinder in one of their eyes, and their mother has taken them down to the oculist's to have it removed, they were fussing so over it."—Youth's Companion.

Where Diners Had to Be on Time.

Closely parallel to the fag end of the Euston road and visible from it at various turnings is a street which belongs to few men's London. It is a dingy, granite paved, populous street of no attraction. Yet this street has known better times and eager guests. In the house he knew as 43, now obliterated by a big new warehouse, Dr. William Kitchener entertained his fellow wits and gourmets. He had ample means to ride his three hobbies, optics, cookery and music. His dinners were often elaborate experiments in cookery, and the guests had to recognize this fact. Five minutes past 5 was the minute, and if a guest came late the janitor had irrevocable orders not to admit him, for it was held by the mythical "committee of taste," of whom Kitchener was "secretary," that the perfection of some of the dishes was often so evanescent that "the delay of one minute after their arrival at the meridian of concoction will render them no longer worthy of men of taste."—T. P.'s London Weekly.

When Cleveland Said "By Gosh!"

"A long legged friend of mine, who may be called Bill Jennings as well as anything else," says Emerson Hough in Appleton's Magazine, "always insisted that he was responsible for the opening of the Cherokee country. 'I went down to Washington,' said he, 'to see Cleveland about it. I went up to the door of Cleveland's house—right at the front door—and I knocked, and I heard Cleveland holler out to me, "Come in!" I went in, and there was Cleveland sittin' in the parlor, with all his cabinet there too. I says to Cleveland, "Cleveland, them Injuns has got to go and them cow men too." I put it to him right plain. Cleveland he listened, and by and by he got up and come and put his hand on my shoulder, and says he, "Bill, by gosh, she pops!" '"

SKIN ERUPTIONS.

Many persons are much annoyed by prickly heat, hives, boils and other skin eruptions, often attended by painful itching and burning, and sometimes becoming obstinate and unsightly sores. Corpulent people are especially subject to these maddening infections all caused by impure blood. Scrofula, Cancer and all other skin diseases arise from an impure state of the blood.

DR. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

if taken when these symptoms first appear, will prevent serious consequences. It strikes at the cause of the trouble, by gently opening the bowels, toning the stomach, stimulating the kidneys and liver to do their important work, and ending in setting up a healthy action of the system. It may be accepted as a cure for all derangements springing from impure blood. Fever and Ague, Malaria, Rheumatic Gout, and all urinary derangements rapidly improve under the same treatment. If you have indigestion, disordered liver, no appetite, constipation, feverish skin, take Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy without delay. Keep it in the house when you are home, and with you on journeys. Large bottles $1.00. All druggists.

Write Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N.Y., for free sample bottle and medical booklet. Mention this paper when you write.

MONUMENT TO EDWIN COPPOCK

Tribute Paid to a Martyr of John Brown's Cause.

Shortly after the body of Edwin Coppock, who was hanged—a martyr to the cause of John Brown—a plan was started to raise funds for the erection of a suitable monument to mark the grave of Salem's martyred son, for Edwin Coppock had been reared within a few miles of the city. The project at first met with the approval of the citizens of the town, then in the throes of abolition, and plans were formulated for raising a fund of some $800 with which should be purchased a suitable stone.

Time, however, served to deaden the memory of the son who had died

Edwin Coppock's Monument in Hope Cemetery at Salem.

for the cause which he deemed a righteous one, and the prospects of the fund dwindled until one day there was no fund. Then Howell Hise, a warm abolitionist and admirer of Coppock and Brown, rose to the emergency and with his own hand quarried the black sandstone which forms the present monument, dressed the heavy foundation of the marker, hauled the stones to the cemetery and unaided raised the monument which stands to-day above the grave, chiseling upon the rough surface of the stone the name "Edwin Coppock," trusting that the name alone would tell the story of the grave beneath.

The Old-Time Penknife.

One of the most remarkable instances of the name of an article surviving its use is the penknife. We talk of it every day, but the purpose for which the penknife was originally designed exists no longer.

The pen of western civilization was fabricated, as old people remember, of quills, and quill pens are still affected by old-fashioned persons, who declare that no efficient substitute has yet been found for them.

The penknife of our great-grandfather's day was, indeed, a triumph of the cutler's art in the keenness of its edge. According to the rhymed list of the requirements of a complete writer, the scribe needed "a penknife, razor metal," always at hand, and people who remember how soon a quill pen became unsuitable in the hands of vigorous writers will appreciate the necessity.

To be a good pen mender was one of the first essentials in the village pedagogue. His penknife was an indispensable to him as his cane. Strangely enough, there were menders of pens who seemed born to fulfil the function, and men who could never learn the art let them try as they might. But the penknife, properly so-called, is no more, and with its disappearance has vanished the expert who wielded it.

Familiar Weather Signs.

A red sun has water in his eye.

When the walls are unusually damp rain is expected.

Horses sweating in the stable is a sign of rain.

Flies sting and are more troublesome when rain is coming.

When rheumatic people complain of more than ordinary pain it will probably rain.

If your corns hurt it is likely to rain shortly.

When matting on the floor is shrinking dry weather may be expected; when matting expands expect wet weather.

A farmer's wife says that when her cheese salt is soft it will rain; when getting dry fair weather may be expected.

A raising fog means dry weather; if it settles look for rain.

The larger the halo about the moon the nearer the rain clouds and the sooner the rain may be expected.

When cattle go to pasture and lie down early in the day it indicates rain

When horses and cattle stretch out their necks and sniff the air it will rain.

When birds cease to sing rain and thunder may be expected.

Birds and fowls oiling their feathers indicate rain.

Champion Fasters.

The Jains of India, a heterdox sect of Hindus, are considered to be the champion fasters of the world. They fast as part of their religion, and amongst them fasts of 30, 40 and 50 days at a time are considered nothing out of the way, but only as an ordinary part of their worship.

Champion Potato Eaters.

Germans, and not the Irish, consume the greater quantities of potatoes, the average annual consumption being 500 pounds per capita.

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